# tda-api

## Contents:

1	Getting Started	3					
	1.1 TD Ameritrade API Access						
	1.2 Installing tda-api	4					
2	Authentication and Client Creation	5					
	2.1 OAuth Refresher						
	2.2 Fetching a Token and Creating a Client	6					
	2.3 Troubleshooting	7					
3	HTTP Client						
	3.1 Calling Conventions	9					
	3.2 Return Values						
	3.3 Creating a New Client	10					
	3.4 Orders						
	3.5 Account Info	12					
	3.6 Instrument Info	13					
	3.7 Option Chains						
	3.8 Price History						
	3.9 Current Quotes						
	3.10 Other Endpoints	17					
4	Streaming Client	21					
	4.1 Use Overview	22					
	4.2 Enabling Real-Time Data Access						
	4.3 OHLCV Charts						
	4.4 Level One Quotes						
	4.5 Level Two Order Book						
	4.6 Time of Sale						
	4.7 News Headlines						
5	Creating Order Specifications	43					
	5.1 Common Values						
	5.2 Equity Orders						
6	Utilities	47					
	6.1 Get the Most Recent Order						

7	7 Example Application	49
8	8 Contributing to tda-api 8.1 Setting up the Dev Environment	<b>51</b>
	8.2 Development Guidelines	52
9	9 Indices and tables	53
Ру	Python Module Index	55
In	Index	57

This project is on GitHub

Contents: 1

2 Contents:

## CHAPTER 1

**Getting Started** 

Welcome to tda-api! Read this page to learn how to install and configure your first TD Ameritrade Python application.

## 1.1 TD Ameritrade API Access

All API calls to the TD Ameritrade API require an API key. Before we do anything with tda-api, you'll need to create a developer account with TD Ameritrade and register an application. By the end of this section, you'll have accomplished the three prerequisites for using tda-api:

- 1. Create an application.
- 2. Choose and save the callback URL (important for authenticating).
- 3. Receive an API key.

You can create a developer account here. The instructions from here on out assume you're logged in, so make sure you log into the developer site after you've created your account.

Next, you'll want to create an application. The app name and purpose aren't particularly important right now, but the callback URL is. In a nutshell, the OAuth login flow that TD Ameritrade uses works by opening a TD Ameritrade login page, securely collecting credentials on their domain, and then sending an HTTP request to the callback URL with the token in the URL query.

How you use to choose your callback URL depends on whether and how you plan on distributing your app. If you're writing an app for your own personal use, and plan to run entirely on your own machine, use https://localhost. If you plan on running on a server and having users send requests to you, use a URL you own, such as a dedicated endpoint on your domain.

Once your app is created and approved, you will receive your API key, also known as the Client ID. This will be visible in TDA's app listing page. Record this key, since it is necessary to access most API endpoints.

## 1.2 Installing tda-api

This section outlines the installation process for client users. For developers, check out Contributing to tda-api.

The recommended method of installing tda-api is using pip from PyPi in a virtualenv. First create a virtualenv in your project diretory. Here we assume your virtualenv is called my-venv:

```
pip install virtualenv
virtualenv -v my-venv
source my-venv/bin/activate
```

You are now ready to install tda-api:

```
pip install tda-api
```

That's it! You're done! You can verify the install succeeded by importing the package:

```
import tda
```

If this succeeded, you're ready to move on to Authentication and Client Creation.

## **Authentication and Client Creation**

By now, you should have followed the instructions in *Getting Started* and are ready to start making API calls. Read this page to learn how to get over the last remaining hurdle: OAuth authentication.

Before we begin, however, note that this guide is meant to users who want to run applications on their own machines, without distributing them to others. If you plan on distributing your app, or if you plan on running it on a server and allowing access to other users, this login flow is not for you.

## 2.1 OAuth Refresher

This section is purely for the curious. If you already understand OAuth (wow, congrats) or if you don't care and just want to use this package as fast as possible, feel free to skip this section. If you encounter any weird behavior, this section may help you understand that's going on.

Webapp authentication is a complex beast. The OAuth protocol was created to allow applications to access one anothers' APIs securely and with the minimum level of trust possible. A full treatise on this topic is well beyond the scope of this guide, but in order to alleviate some of the confusion and complexity that seems to surround this part of the API, let's give a quick explanation of how OAuth works in the context of TD Ameritrade's API.

The first thing to understand is that the OAuth webapp flow was created to allow client-side applications consisting of a webapp frontend and a remotely hosted backend to interact with a third party API. Unlike the backend application flow, in which the remotely hosted backend has a secret which allows it to access the API on its own behalf, the webapp flow allows either the webapp frontend or the remotely host backend to access the API on behalf of its users.

If you've ever installed a GitHub, Facebook, Twitter, GMail, etc. app, you've seen this flow. You click on the "install" link, a login window pops up, you enter your password, and you're presented with a page that asks whether you want to grant the app access to your account.

Here's what's happening under the hood. The window that pops up is the authentication URL, which opens a login page for the target API. The aim is to allow the user to input their username and password without the webapp frontend or the remotely hosted backend seeing it. On web browsers, this is accomplished using the browser's refusal to send credentials from one domain to another.

Once login here is successful, the API replies with a redirect to a URL that the remotely hosted backend controls. This is the callback URL. This redirect will contain a code which securely identifies the user to the API, embedded in the query of the request.

You might think that code is enough to access the API, and it would be if the API author were willing to sacrifice long-term security. The exact reasons why it doesn't work involve some deep security topics like robustness against replay attacks and session duration limitation, but we'll skip them here.

This code is useful only for fetching a token from the authentication endpoint. *This token* is what we want: a secure secret which the client can use to access API endpoints, and can be refreshed over time.

If you've gotten this far and your head isn't spinning, you haven't been paying attention. Security-sensitive protocols can be very complicated, and you should **never** build your own implementation. Fortunately there exist very robust implementations of this flow, and tda-api's authentication module makes using them easy.

## 2.2 Fetching a Token and Creating a Client

tda-api provides an easy implementation of the client-side login flow in the auth package. It uses a selenium webdriver to open the TD Ameritrade authentication URL, take your login credentials, catch the post-login redirect, and fetch a reusable token. It returns a fully-configured *HTTP Client*, ready to send API calls. It also handles token refreshing, and writes updated tokens to the token file.

These functions are webdriver-agnostic, meaning you can use whatever webdriver-supported browser you can available on your system. You can find information about available webdriver on the Selenium documentation.

```
tda.auth.client_from_login_flow(webdriver, api_key, redirect_url, token_path, redirect_wait_time_seconds=0.1)
```

Uses the webdriver to perform an OAuth webapp login flow and creates a client wrapped around the resulting token. The client will be configured to refresh the token as necessary, writing each updated version to token\_path.

#### **Parameters**

- webdriver selenium webdriver which will be used to perform the login flow.
- api\_key Your TD Ameritrade application's API key, also known as the client ID.
- redirect\_url Your TD Ameritrade application's redirect URL. Note this must *exactly* match the value you've entered in your application configuration, otherwise login will fail with a security error.
- **token\_path** Path to which the new token will be written. If the token file already exists, it will be overwritten with a new one. Updated tokens will be written to this path as well.

Once you have a token written on disk, you can reuse it without going through the login flow again.

```
tda.auth.client_from_token_file(token_path, api_key)
```

Returns a session from an existing token file. The session will perform an auth refresh as needed. It will also update the token on disk whenever appropriate.

## **Parameters**

- token\_path Path to an existing token. Updated tokens will be written to this path. If you do not yet have a token, use <code>client\_from\_login\_flow()</code> or <code>easy\_client()</code> to create one.
- api\_key Your TD Ameritrade application's API key, also known as the client ID.

The following is a convenient wrapper around these two methods, calling each when appropriate:

tda.auth.easy\_client(api\_key, redirect\_uri, token\_path, webdriver\_func=None)

Convenient wrapper around <code>client\_from\_login\_flow()</code> and <code>client\_from\_token\_file()</code>. If token\_path exists, loads the token from it. Otherwise open a login flow to fetch a new token. Returns a client configured to refresh the token to token\_path.

*Reminder:* You should never create the token file yourself or modify it in any way. If token\_path refers to an existing file, this method will assume that file is valid token and will attempt to parse it.

## **Parameters**

- api\_key Your TD Ameritrade application's API key, also known as the client ID.
- **redirect\_url** Your TD Ameritrade application's redirect URL. Note this must *exactly* match the value you've entered in your application configuration, otherwise login will fail with a security error.
- token\_path Path that new token will be read from and written to. If If this file exists, this method will assume it's valid and will attempt to parse it as a token. If it does not, this method will create a new one using <code>client\_from\_login\_flow()</code>. Updated tokens will be written to this path as well.
- **webdriver\_func** Function that returns a webdriver for use in fetching a new token. Will only be called if the token file cannot be found.

## 2.3 Troubleshooting

As simple as it seems, this process is complex and mistakes are easy to make. This section outlines some of the more common issues you might encounter. If you find yourself dealing with something that isn't listed here, or if you try the suggested remedies and are still seeing issues, please file a ticket on our issues page.

# 2.3.1 "A third-party application may be attempting to make unauthorized access to your account"

One attack on improperly implemented OAuth login flows involves tricking a user into submitting their credentials for a real app and then redirecting to a malicious web server (remember the GET request to the redirect URI contains all credentials required to access the user's account). This is especially pernicious because from the user's perspective, they see a real login window and probably never realize they've been sent to a malicious server, especially if the landing page is designed to resemble the target API's landing page.

TD Ameritrade correctly prevents this attack by refusing to allow a login if the redirect URI does not **exactly** match the redirect URI with which the app is configured. If you make *any* mistake in setting your API key or redirect URI, you'll see this instead of a login page:

A third-party application may be attempting to make unauthorized access to your account.

For help with your account, <u>contact us</u>. For information on securing your account, visit the <u>TD Ameritrade Security page</u>.

If this happens, you almost certainly copied your API key or redirect URI incorrectly. Go back to your application list and copy-paste it again.

## 2.3.2 tda-api Hangs After Successful Login

After opening the login window, tda-api loops and waits until the webdriver's current URL starts with the given redirect URI:

```
callback_url = ''
while not callback_url.startswith(redirect_url):
    callback_url = webdriver.current_url
    time.sleep(redirect_wait_time_seconds)
```

Usually, it would be impossible for a successful post-login callback to not start with the callback URI, but there's one major exception: when the callback URI starts with http. Behavior varies by browser and app configuration, but a callback URI starting with http can sometimes be redirected to one starting with https, in which case tda-api will never notice the redirect.

If this is happening to you, consider changing your callback URI to use https instead of http. Not only will it make your life easier here, but it is *extremely* bad practice to send credentials like this over an unencrypted channel like that provided by http.

## 2.3.3 Token Parsing Failures

tda-api handles creating and refreshing tokens. Simply put, the user should never create or modify the token file. If you are experiencing parse errors when accessing the token file or getting exceptions when accessing it, it's probably because you created it yourself or modified it. If you're experiencing token parsing issues, remember that:

- 1. You should never create the token file yourself. If you don't already have a token, you should pass a nonexistent file path to <code>client\_from\_login\_flow()</code> or <code>easy\_client()</code>. If the file already exists, these methods assume it's a valid token file. If the file does not exist, they will go through the login flow to create one.
- 2. You should never modify the token file. The token file is automatically managed by tda-api, and modifying it will almost certainly break it.
- 3. You should never share the token file. If the token file is shared between applications, one of them will beat the other to refreshing, locking the slower one out of using tda-api.

If you didn't do any of this and are still seeing issues using a token file that you're confident is valid, please file a ticket. Just remember, **never share your token file**, **not even with** tda-api **developers**. Sharing the token file is as dangerous as sharing your TD Ameritrade username and password.

## CHAPTER 3

**HTTP Client** 

A naive, unopinionated wrapper around the TD Ameritrade HTTP API. This client provides access to all endpoints of the API in as easy and direct a way as possible. For example, here is how you can fetch the past 20 years of data for Apple stock:

Note we we create a new client using the auth package as described in *Authentication and Client Creation*. Creating a client directly is possible, but not recommended.

## 3.1 Calling Conventions

Function parameters are categorized as either required or optional. Required parameters, such as 'AAPL' in the example above, are passed as positional arguments. Optional parameters, like period\_type and the rest, are passed as keyword arguments.

Parameters which have special values recognized by the API are represented by Python enums. This is because the API rejects requests which pass unrecognized values, and this enum wrapping is provided as a convenient mechanism to avoid consternation caused by accidentally passing an unrecognized value.

By default, passing values other than the required enums will raise a ValueError. If you believe the API accepts a value that isn't supported here, you can use set\_enforce\_enums to disable this behavior at your own risk. If you do find a supported value that isn't listed here, please open an issue describing it or submit a PR adding the new functionality.

## 3.2 Return Values

All methods return a response object generated under the hood by the requests module. For a full listing of what's possible, read that module's documentation. Most if not all users can simply use the following pattern:

```
r = client.some_endpoint()
assert r.ok, r.raise_for_status()
data = r.json()
```

The API indicates errors using the response status code, and this pattern will raise the appropriate exception if the response is not a success. The data can be fetched by calling the .json() method.

**Note:** Because the author has no relationship whatsoever with TD Ameritrade, this document makes no effort to describe the structure of the returned JSON objects. TDA might change them at any time, at which point this document will become silently out of date. Instead, each of the methods described below contains a link to the official documentation. For endpoints that return meaningful JSON objects, it includes a JSON schema which describes the return value. Please use that documentation or your own experimentation when figuring out how to use the data returned by this API.

## 3.3 Creating a New Client

99.9% of users should not create their own clients, and should instead follow the instructions outlined in *Authentication* and *Client Creation*. For those brave enough to build their own, the constructor looks like this:

```
Client.__init__(api_key, session, *, enforce_enums=True)
```

Create a new client with the given API key and session. Set *enforce\_enums=False* to disable strict input type checking.

## 3.4 Orders

## 3.4.1 Placing New Orders

Placing new orders can be a complicated task. The Client.place\_order() method is used to create all orders, from equities to options. The precise order type is defined by a complex order spec. TDA provides some example order specs to illustrate the process and provides a schema in the place order documentation, but beyond that we're on our own.

tda-api includes some helpers, described in *Creating Order Specifications*, which provide an incomplete utility for creating various order types. While it only scratches the surface of what's possible, we encourage you to use that module instead of creating your own order specs.

```
Client.place_order(account_id, order_spec)
```

Place an order for a specific account. If order creation was successful, the response will contain the ID of the generated order. See tda.utils.Utils.extract\_order\_id() for more details.

Official documentation.

## 3.4.2 Accessing Existing Orders

Client.get\_orders\_by\_path (account\_id, \*, max\_results=None, from\_entered\_datetime=None, to\_entered\_datetime=None, status=None, statuses=None)

Orders for a specific account. At most one of status and statuses may be set. Official documentation.

#### **Parameters**

- max results The maximum number of orders to retrieve.
- **from\_entered\_datetime** Specifies that no orders entered before this time should be returned. Date must be within 60 days from today's date. toEnteredTime must also be set.
- to\_entered\_datetime Specifies that no orders entered after this time should be returned. fromEnteredTime must also be set.
- **status** Restrict query to orders with this status. See *Order* . *Status* for options.
- statuses Restrict query to orders with any of these statuses. See Order. Status for options.

```
Client.get_orders_by_query(*, max_results=None, from_entered_datetime=None, to_entered_datetime=None, status=None, statuses=None)

Orders for all linked accounts. At most one of status and statuses may be set. Official documentation.
```

#### **Parameters**

- max results The maximum number of orders to retrieve.
- **from\_entered\_datetime** Specifies that no orders entered before this time should be returned. Date must be within 60 days from today's date. toEnteredTime must also be set.
- to\_entered\_datetime Specifies that no orders entered after this time should be returned. fromEnteredTime must also be set.
- **status** Restrict query to orders with this status. See *Order.Status* for options.
- **statuses** Restrict query to orders with any of these statuses. See *Order.Status* for options.

```
Client.get_order(order_id, account_id)
Get a specific order for a specific account by its order ID. Official documentation.

class tda.client.Client.Order

class Status
Order statuses passed to get_orders_by_path() and get_orders_by_query()
```

```
ACCEPTED = 'ACCEPTED'

AWAITING_CONDITION = 'AWAITING_CONDITION'

AWAITING_MANUAL_REVIEW = 'AWAITING_MANUAL_REVIEW'

AWAITING_PARENT_ORDER = 'AWAITING_PARENT_ORDER'

AWAITING_UR_OUR = 'AWAITING_UR_OUR'

CANCELLED = 'CANCELLED'

EXPIRED = 'EXPIRED'

FILLED = 'FILLED'
```

3.4. Orders 11

```
PENDING_ACTIVATION = 'PENDING_ACTIVATION'

PENDING_CANCEL = 'PENDING_CANCEL'

PENDING_REPLACE = 'PENDING_REPLACE'

QUEUED = 'QUEUED'

REJECTED = 'REJECTED'

REPLACED = 'REPLACED'

WORKING = 'WORKING'
```

## 3.4.3 Editing Existing Orders

Endpoints for canceling and replacing existing orders. Annoyingly, while these endpoints require an order ID, it seems that when placing new orders the API does not return any metadata about the new order. As a result, if you want to cancel or replace an order after you've created it, you must search for it using the methods described in *Accessing Existing Orders*.

```
Client.cancel_order(order_id, account_id)
```

Cancel a specific order for a specific account. Official documentation.

```
Client.replace_order(account_id, order_id, order_spec)
```

Replace an existing order for an account. The existing order will be replaced by the new order. Once replaced, the old order will be canceled and a new order will be created. Official documentation.

## 3.5 Account Info

These methods provide access to useful information about accounts. An incomplete list of the most interesting bits:

- Account balances, including available trading balance
- · Positions
- · Order history

See the official documentation for each method for a complete response schema.

```
Client.get_account (account_id, *, fields=None)
```

Account balances, positions, and orders for a specific account. Official documentation.

**Parameters fields** – Balances displayed by default, additional fields can be added here by adding values from Account. Fields.

```
Client.get_accounts(*, fields=None)
```

Account balances, positions, and orders for all linked accounts. Official documentation.

**Parameters fields** – Balances displayed by default, additional fields can be added here by adding values from *Account.Fields*.

```
class tda.client.Client.Account

class Fields
    Account fields passed to get_account() and get_accounts()

ORDERS = 'orders'

POSITIONS = 'positions'
```

## 3.6 Instrument Info

Note: symbol fundamentals (P/E ratios, number of shares outstanding, dividend yield, etc.) is available using the Instrument.Projection.FUNDAMENTAL projection.

```
Client.search instruments (symbols, projection)
```

Search or retrieve instrument data, including fundamental data. Official documentation.

Parameters projection - Query type. See Instrument. Projection for options.

```
Client.get_instrument(cusip)
```

Get an instrument by CUSIP. Official documentation.

```
class tda.client.Client.Instrument
```

#### class Projection

Search query type for <code>search\_instruments()</code>. See the official documentation for details on the semantics of each.

```
DESC_REGEX = 'desc-regex'
DESC_SEARCH = 'desc-search'
FUNDAMENTAL = 'fundamental'
SYMBOL_REGEX = 'symbol-regex'
SYMBOL_SEARCH = 'symbol-search'
```

## 3.7 Option Chains

Unfortunately, option chains are well beyond the ability of your humble author. You are encouraged to read the official API documentation to learn more.

If you *are* knowledgeable enough to write something more substantive here, please follow the instructions in *Contributing to tda-api* to send in a patch.

```
Client.get_option_chain (symbol, *, contract_type=None, strike_count=None, in-
clude_quotes=None, strategy=None, interval=None, strike=None,
strike_range=None, strike_from_date=None, strike_to_date=None,
volatility=None, underlying_price=None, interest_rate=None,
days_to_expiration=None, exp_month=None, option_type=None)
Get option chain for an optionable Symbol. Official documentation.
```

#### **Parameters**

- contract\_type Type of contracts to return in the chain. See Options. ContractType for choices.
- **strike count** The number of strikes to return above and below the at-the-money price.
- **include\_quotes** Include quotes for options in the option chain?
- strategy If passed, returns a Strategy Chain. See Options. Strategy for choices.
- interval Strike interval for spread strategy chains (see strategy param).
- **strike** Return options only at this strike price.
- **strike\_range** Return options for the given range. See Options.StrikeRange for choices.

3.6. Instrument Info

- **strike\_from\_date** Only return expirations after this date. For strategies, expiration refers to the nearest term expiration in the strategy. Accepts datetime.date and datetime.datetime.
- **strike\_to\_date** Only return expirations before this date. For strategies, expiration refers to the nearest term expiration in the strategy. Accepts datetime.date and datetime.datetime.
- volatility Volatility to use in calculations. Applies only to ANALYTICAL strategy chains.
- underlying\_price Underlying price to use in calculations. Applies only to ANALYTICAL strategy chains.
- interest\_rate Interest rate to use in calculations. Applies only to ANALYTICAL strategy chains.
- days\_to\_expiration Days to expiration to use in calculations. Applies only to ANALYTICAL strategy chains
- **exp\_month** Return only options expiring in the specified month. See Options. ExpirationMonth for choices.
- option\_type Types of options to return. See Options. Type for choices.

class tda.client.Client.Options

```
class ContractType
    An enumeration.
    ALL = 'ALL'
    CALL = 'CALL'
   PUT = 'PUT'
class ExpirationMonth
    An enumeration.
    APRIL = 'APR'
    AUGUST = 'AUG'
    DECEMBER = 'DEC'
    FEBRUARY = 'FEB'
    JANUARY = 'JAN'
    JULY = 'JUL'
    JUN = 'JUN'
    MARCH = 'MAR'
   MAY = 'MAY'
    NOVEMBER = 'NOV'
    OCTOBER = 'OCT'
    SEPTEMBER = 'SEP'
class Strategy
```

An enumeration.

```
ANALYTICAL = 'ANALYTICAL'
    BUTTERFLY = 'BUTTERFLY'
    CALENDAR = 'CALENDAR'
    COLLAR = 'COLLAR'
    CONDOR = 'CONDOR'
    COVERED = 'COVERED'
    DIAGONAL = 'DIAGONAL'
   ROLL = 'ROLL'
    SINGLE = 'SINGLE'
    STRADDLE = 'STRADDLE'
    STRANGLE = 'STRANGLE'
    VERTICAL = 'VERTICAL'
class StrikeRange
    An enumeration.
    ALL = 'ALL'
    IN_THE_MONEY = 'ITM'
   NEAR THE MONEY = 'NTM'
    OUT OF THE MONEY = 'OTM'
    STRIKES_ABOVE_MARKET = 'SAK'
    STRIKES_BELOW_MARKET = 'SBK'
    STRIKES_NEAR_MARKET = 'SNK'
class Type
   An enumeration.
   ALL = 'ALL'
   NON STANDARD = 'NS'
    STANDARD = 'S'
```

## 3.8 Price History

Fetching price history is somewhat complicated due to the fact that only certain combinations of parameters are valid. To avoid accidentally making it impossible to send valid requests, this method performs no validation on its parameters. If you are receiving empty requests or other weird return values, see the official documentation for more details.

```
Client.get_price_history(symbol, *, period_type=None, period=None, frequency_type=None, frequency=None, start_datetime=None, end_datetime=None, need_extended_hours_data=None)

Get price history for a symbol. Official documentation.
```

## **Parameters**

• period\_type - The type of period to show.

3.8. Price History 15

- **period** The number of periods to show. Should not be provided if start\_datetime and end\_datetime.
- **frequency\_type** The type of frequency with which a new candle is formed.
- **frequency** The number of the frequencyType to be included in each candle.
- **start\_datetime** End date. Default is previous trading day.
- end\_datetime Start date.
- need\_extended\_hours\_data If true, return extended hours data. Otherwise return regular market hours only.

class tda.client.Client.PriceHistory

```
class Frequency
    An enumeration.
   DAILY = 1
   EVERY_FIFTEEN_MINUTES = 15
   EVERY_FIVE_MINUTES = 5
   EVERY_MINUTE = 1
   EVERY_TEN_MINUTES = 10
   EVERY_THIRTY_MINUTES = 30
   MONTHLY = 1
   WEEKLY = 1
class FrequencyType
    An enumeration.
   DAILY = 'daily'
   MINUTE = 'minute'
   MONTHLY = 'monthly'
   WEEKLY = 'weekly'
class Period
    An enumeration.
   FIFTEEN_YEARS = 15
   FIVE_DAYS = 5
   FIVE YEARS = 5
    FOUR_DAYS = 4
    ONE_DAY = 1
    ONE\_MONTH = 1
    ONE_YEAR = 1
    SIX_MONTHS = 6
    TEN_DAYS = 10
```

TEN\_YEARS = 10

```
THREE_DAYS = 3

THREE_MONTHS = 3

THREE_YEARS = 3

TWENTY_YEARS = 20

TWO_DAYS = 2

TWO_MONTHS = 2

TWO_YEARS = 2

YEAR_TO_DATE = 1

class PeriodType
An enumeration.

DAY = 'day'

MONTH = 'month'

YEAR = 'year'

YEAR TO DATE = 'ytd'
```

## 3.9 Current Quotes

## Client.get\_quote(symbol)

Get quote for a symbol. Note due to limitations in URL encoding, this method is not recommended for instruments with symbols symbols containing non-alphanumeric characters, for example as futures like /ES. To get quotes for those symbols, use  $Client.get\_quotes()$ .

Official documentation.

## Client.get\_quotes (symbols)

Get quote for a symbol. This method supports all symbols, including those containing non-alphanumeric characters like /ES. Official documentation.

## 3.10 Other Endpoints

Note If your account limited to delayed quotes, these quotes will also be delayed.

## 3.10.1 Transaction History

```
Client.get_transaction(account_id, transaction_id)
```

Transaction for a specific account. Official documentation.

Client.get\_transactions (account\_id, \*, transaction\_type=None, symbol=None, start\_date=None, end\_date=None)

Transaction for a specific account. Official documentation.

## **Parameters**

- transaction\_type Only transactions with the specified type will be returned.
- symbol Only transactions with the specified symbol will be returned.

3.9. Current Quotes

- **start\_date** Only transactions after this date will be returned. Note the maximum date range is one year. Accepts datetime.date and datetime.datetime.
- end\_date Only transactions before this date will be returned Note the maximum date range is one year. Accepts datetime.date and datetime.datetime.

class tda.client.Client.Transactions

#### class TransactionType

An enumeration.

```
ADVISORY_FEES = 'ADVISORY_FEES'

ALL = 'ALL'

BUY_ONLY = 'BUY_ONLY'

CASH_IN_OR_CASH_OUT = 'CASH_IN_OR_CASH_OUT'

CHECKING = 'CHECKING'

DIVIDEND = 'DIVIDEND'

INTEREST = 'INTEREST'

OTHER = 'OTHER'

SELL_ONLY = 'SELL_ONLY'

TRADE = 'TRADE'
```

## 3.10.2 Saved Orders

Client.create\_saved\_order(account\_id, order\_spec)

Save an order for a specific account. Official documentation.

Client.delete\_saved\_order(account\_id, order\_id)

Delete a specific saved order for a specific account. Official documentation.

Client.get\_saved\_order(account\_id, order\_id)

Specific saved order by its ID, for a specific account. Official documentation.

Client.get\_saved\_orders\_by\_path(account\_id)

Saved orders for a specific account. Official documentation.

Client.replace\_saved\_order(account\_id, order\_id, order\_spec)

Replace an existing saved order for an account. The existing saved order will be replaced by the new order. Official documentation.

## 3.10.3 Market Hours

Client.get\_hours\_for\_multiple\_markets (markets, date)

Retrieve market hours for specified markets. Official documentation.

## **Parameters**

- markets Market to return hours for. Iterable of Markets.
- date The date for which market hours information is requested. Accepts datetime. date and datetime. datetime.

#### Client.get\_hours\_for\_single\_market(market, date)

Retrieve market hours for specified single market. Official documentation.

#### **Parameters**

- markets Market to return hours for. Instance of Markets.
- date The date for which market hours information is requested. Accepts datetime. date and datetime.datetime.

#### class tda.client.Client.Markets

```
Values for get_hours_for_multiple_markets() and get_hours_for_single_market().
```

```
BOND = 'BOND'

EQUITY = 'EQUITY'

FOREX = 'FOREX'

FUTURE = 'FUTURE'

OPTION = 'OPTION'
```

## 3.10.4 Movers

Client.get\_movers (index, direction, change)

Top 10 (up or down) movers by value or percent for a particular market. Official documentation.

#### **Parameters**

- direction See Movers. Direction
- **change See** Movers.Change

class tda.client.Client.Movers

```
class Change
```

```
Values for get_movers()

PERCENT = 'percent'

VALUE = 'value'

class Direction

Values for get_movers()

DOWN = 'down'

UP = 'up'
```

## 3.10.5 User Info and Preferences

```
Client.get_preferences (account_id)
```

Preferences for a specific account. Official documentation.

```
Client.get_user_principals (fields=None)
```

User Principal details. Official documentation.

Client.update\_preferences (account\_id, preferences)

Update preferences for a specific account.

Please note that the directOptionsRouting and directEquityRouting values cannot be modified via this operation. Official documentation.

```
class tda.client.Client.UserPrincipals
```

### class Fields

An enumeration.

```
PREFERENCES = 'preferences'

STREAMER_CONNECTION_INFO = 'streamerConnectionInfo'

STREAMER_SUBSCRIPTION_KEYS = 'streamerSubscriptionKeys'

SURROGATE_IDS = 'surrogateIds'
```

## 3.10.6 Watchlists

## Client.create\_watchlist(account\_id, watchlist\_spec)

'Create watchlist for specific account. This method does not verify that the symbol or asset type are valid. Official documentation.

## Client.delete\_watchlist(account\_id, watchlist\_id)

Delete watchlist for a specific account. Official documentation.

## Client.get\_watchlist(account\_id, watchlist\_id)

Specific watchlist for a specific account. Official documentation.

#### Client.get\_watchlists\_for\_multiple\_accounts()

All watchlists for all of the user's linked accounts. Official documentation.

## Client.get\_watchlists\_for\_single\_account (account\_id)

All watchlists of an account. Official documentation.

## Client.replace\_watchlist (account\_id, watchlist\_id, watchlist\_spec)

Replace watchlist for a specific account. This method does not verify that the symbol or asset type are valid. Official documentation.

## Client.update\_watchlist(account\_id, watchlist\_id, watchlist\_spec)

Partially update watchlist for a specific account: change watchlist name, add to the beginning/end of a watchlist, update or delete items in a watchlist. This method does not verify that the symbol or asset type are valid. Official documentation.

## CHAPTER 4

## Streaming Client

A wapper around the TD Ameritrade Streaming API. This API is a websockets-based streaming API that provides to up-to-the-second data on market activity. Most impressively, it provides realtime data, including Level Two and time of sale data for major equities, options, and futures exchanges.

Here's an example of how you can receive book snapshots of GOOG (note if you run this outside regular trading hours you may not see anything):

```
from tda.auth import easy_client
from tda.client import Client
from tda.streaming import StreamClient
import asyncio
import json
client = easy_client(
        api_key='APIKEY',
        redirect_uri='https://localhost',
       token_path='/tmp/token.pickle')
stream_client = StreamClient(client, account_id=1234567890)
async def read_stream():
   await stream_client.login()
   await stream_client.quality_of_service(StreamClient.QOSLevel.EXPRESS)
   await stream_client.nasdaq_book_subs(['GOOG'])
   stream_client.add_timesale_options_handler(
            lambda msg: print(json.dumps(msg, indent=4)))
   while True:
        await stream_client.handle_message()
asyncio.get_event_loop().run_until_complete(read_stream())
```

This API uses Python coroutines to simplify implementation and preserve performance. As a result, it requires Python 3.8 or higher to use. tda.stream will not be available on older versions of Python.

## 4.1 Use Overview

The example above demonstrates the end-to-end workflow for using tda.stream. There's more in there than meets the eye, so let's dive into the details.

## 4.1.1 Logging In

Before we can perform any stream operations, the client must be logged in to the stream. Unlike the HTTP client, in which every request is authenticated using a token, this client sends unauthenticated requests and instead authenticates the entire stream. As a result, this login process is distinct from the token generation step that's used in the HTTP client.

Stream login is accomplished simply by calling StreamClient.login(). Once this happens successfully, all stream operations can be performed. Attempting to perform operations that require login before this function is called raises an exception.

```
StreamClient.login()
Official Documentation
```

## Performs initial stream setup:

- $\bullet$  Fetches streaming information from the HTTP client's  $get\_user\_principals$  () method
- · Initializes the socket
- · Builds and sends and authentication request
- Waits for response indicating login success

All stream operations are available after this method completes.

## 4.1.2 Setting Quality of Service

By default, the stream's update frequency is set to 1000ms. The frequency can be increased by calling the quality\_of\_service function and passing an appropriate QOSLevel value.

```
StreamClient.quality_of_service(qos_level)
Official Documentation
```

Specifies the frequency with which updated data should be sent to the client. If not called, the frequency will default to every second.

**Parameters** qos\_level - Quality of service level to request. See QOSLevel for options.

```
class StreamClient.QOSLevel
   Quality of service levels

EXPRESS = '0'
   500ms between updates. Fastest available

REAL_TIME = '1'
   750ms between updates

FAST = '2'
   1000ms between updates. Default value.

MODERATE = '3'
   1500ms between updates
```

```
SLOW = '4'
3000ms between updates

DELAYED = '5'
5000ms between updates
```

## 4.1.3 Subscribing to Streams

These functions have names that follow the pattern SERVICE\_NAME\_subs. These functions send a request to enable streaming data for a particular data stream. They are *not* thread safe, so they should only be called in series.

When subscriptions are called multiple times on the same stream, the results vary. What's more, these results aren't documented in the official documentation. As a result, it's recommended not to call a subscription function more than once for any given stream.

Some services, notably *Equity Charts* and *Futures Charts*, offer SERVICE\_NAME\_add functions which can be used to add symbols to the stream after the subscription has been created. For others, calling the subscription methods again seems to clear the old subscription and create a new one. Note this behavior is not officially documented, so this interpretation may be incorrect.

## 4.1.4 Registering Handlers

By themselves, the subscription functions outlined above do nothing except cause messages to be sent to the client. The add\_SERVICE\_NAME\_handler functions register functions that will receive these messages when they arrive. When messages arrive, these handlers will be called serially. There is no limit to the number of handlers that can be registered to a service.

## 4.1.5 Handling Messages

Once the stream client is properly logged in, subscribed to streams, and has handlers registered, we can start handling messages. This is done simply by awaiting on the handle\_message() function. This function reads a single message and dispatches it to the appropriate handler or handlers.

If a message is received for which no handler is registered, that message is ignored.

Handlers should take a single argument representing the stream message received:

```
import json

def sample_handler(msg):
    print(json.dumps(msg, indent=4))
```

## 4.1.6 Data Field Relabeling

Under the hood, this API returns JSON objects with numerical key representing labels:

(continues on next page)

4.1. Use Overview 23

(continued from previous page)

```
"key": "MSFT",
"1": 179.445,
"2": 179.57,
"3": 179.4299,
"4": 179.52,
"5": 53742.0,
"6": 339,
"7": 1590597540000,
"8": 18409
},
]
```

These labels are tricky to decode, and require a knowledge of the documentation to decode properly. tda-api makes your life easier by doing this decoding for you, replacing numerical labels with strings pulled from the documentation. For instance, the message above would be relabeled as:

```
"service": "CHART_EQUITY",
"timestamp": 1590597641293,
"command": "SUBS",
"content": [
    {
        "seq": 985,
        "key": "MSFT",
        "OPEN_PRICE": 179.445,
        "HIGH_PRICE": 179.57,
        "LOW_PRICE": 179.4299,
        "CLOSE_PRICE": 179.52,
        "VOLUME": 53742.0,
        "SEQUENCE": 339,
        "CHART_TIME": 1590597540000,
        "CHART_DAY": 18409
    },
1
```

This documentation describes the various fields and their numerical values. You can find them by investigating the various enum classes ending in \*\*\*Fields.

Some streams, such as the ones described in *Level One Quotes*, allow you to specify a subset of fields to be returned. Subscription handlers for these services take a list of the appropriate field enums the extra fields parameter. If nothing is passed to this parameter, all supported fields are requested.

## 4.1.7 Interpreting Sequence Numbers

Many endpoints include a seq parameter in their data contents. The official documentation is unclear on the interpretation of this value: the time of sale documentation states that messages containing already-observed values of seq can be ignored, but other streams contain this field both in their metadata and in their content, and yet their documentation doesn't mention ignoring any seq values.

This presents a design choice: should tda-api ignore duplicate seq values on users' behalf? Given the ambiguity of the documentation, it was decided to not ignore them and instead pass them to all handlers. Clients are encouraged to use their judgment in handling these values.

## 4.1.8 Unimplemented Streams

This document lists the streams supported by tda-api. Eagle-eyed readers may notice that some streams are described in the documentation but were not implemented. This is due to complexity or anticipated lack of interest. If you feel you'd like a stream added, please file an issue here or see the contributing guidelines to learn how to add the functionality yourself.

## 4.2 Enabling Real-Time Data Access

By default, TD Ameritrade delivers delayed quotes. However, as of this writing, real time streaming is available for all streams, including quotes and level two depth of book data. It is also available for free, which in the author's opinion is an impressive feature for a retail brokerage. For most users it's enough to sign the relevant exchange agreements, although your mileage may vary.

Please remember that your use of this API is subject to agreeing to TDAmeritrade's terms of service. Please don't reach out to us asking for help enabling real-time data. Answers to most questions are a Google search away.

## 4.3 OHLCV Charts

These streams summarize trading activity on a minute-by-minute basis for equities and futures, providing OHLCV (Open/High/Low/Close/Volume) data.

## 4.3.1 Equity Charts

Minute-by-minute OHLCV data for equities.

```
{\tt StreamClient.chart\_equity\_subs}~(\textit{symbols})
```

Official documentation

Subscribe to equity charts. Behavior is undefined if called multiple times.

**Parameters** symbols – Equity symbols to subscribe to.

```
StreamClient.chart_equity_add(symbols)
```

Official documentation

Add a symbol to the equity charts subscription. Behavior is undefined if called before chart\_equity\_subs().

**Parameters** symbols – Equity symbols to add to the subscription.

```
StreamClient.add_chart_equity_handler(handler)
```

Adds a handler to the equity chart subscription. See *Handling Messages* for details.

```
class StreamClient.ChartEquityFields
```

Official documentation

Data fields for equity OHLCV data. Primarily an implementation detail and not used in client code. Provided here as documentation for key values stored returned in the stream messages.

```
SYMBOL = 0
```

Ticker symbol in upper case. Represented in the stream as the key field.

```
OPEN_PRICE = 1
```

Opening price for the minute

#### HIGH PRICE = 2

Highest price for the minute

#### LOW PRICE = 3

Chart's lowest price for the minute

## CLOSE\_PRICE = 4

Closing price for the minute

#### VOLUME = 5

Total volume for the minute

#### SEQUENCE = 6

Identifies the candle minute. Explicitly labeled "not useful" in the official documentation.

#### CHART TIME = 7

Milliseconds since Epoch

### $CHART_DAY = 8$

Documented as not useful, included for completeness

## 4.3.2 Futures Charts

Minute-by-minute OHLCV data for futures.

```
StreamClient.chart_futures_subs(symbols)
```

Official documentation

Subscribe to futures charts. Behavior is undefined if called multiple times.

**Parameters** symbols – Futures symbols to subscribe to.

```
StreamClient.chart_futures_add(symbols)
```

Official documentation

Add a symbol to the futures chart subscription. Behavior is undefined if called before chart\_futures\_subs().

**Parameters** symbols – Futures symbols to add to the subscription.

## StreamClient.add\_chart\_futures\_handler(handler)

Adds a handler to the futures chart subscription. See *Handling Messages* for details.

#### class StreamClient.ChartFuturesFields

Official documentation

Data fields for equity OHLCV data. Primarily an implementation detail and not used in client code. Provided here as documentation for key values stored returned in the stream messages.

#### SYMBOL = 0

Ticker symbol in upper case. Represented in the stream as the key field.

## $CHART_TIME = 1$

Milliseconds since Epoch

## OPEN\_PRICE = 2

Opening price for the minute

## $HIGH_PRICE = 3$

Highest price for the minute

## LOW\_PRICE = 4

Chart's lowest price for the minute

#### CLOSE PRICE = 5

Closing price for the minute

## VOLUME = 6

Total volume for the minute

## 4.4 Level One Quotes

Level one quotes provide an up-to-date view of bid/ask/volume data. In particular they list the best available bid and ask prices, together with the requested volume of each. They are updated live as market conditions change.

## 4.4.1 Equities Quotes

Level one quotes for equities traded on NYSE, AMEX, and PACIFIC.

```
StreamClient.level_one_equity_subs (symbols, *, fields=None)
```

Official documentation

Subscribe to level one equity quote data.

### **Parameters**

- **symbols** Equity symbols to receive quotes for
- **fields** Iterable of LevelOneEquityFields representing the fields to return in streaming entries. If unset, all fields will be requested.

```
StreamClient.add_level_one_equity_handler(handler)
```

Register a function to handle level one equity quotes as they are sent. See *Handling Messages* for details.

```
class StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
```

Official documentation

Fields for equity quotes.

```
SYMBOL = 0
```

Ticker symbol in upper case. Represented in the stream as the key field.

```
BID_PRICE = 1
```

Current Best Bid Price

## ASK\_PRICE = 2

Current Best Ask Price

### LAST PRICE = 3

Price at which the last trade was matched

## $BID_SIZE = 4$

Number of shares for bid

## $ASK\_SIZE = 5$

Number of shares for ask

#### ASK ID = 6

Exchange with the best ask

## $BID_ID = 7$

Exchange with the best bid

4.4. Level One Quotes 27

#### TOTAL VOLUME = 8

Aggregated shares traded throughout the day, including pre/post market hours. Note volume is set to zero at 7:28am ET.

## LAST SIZE = 9

Number of shares traded with last trade, in 100's

### TRADE TIME = 10

Trade time of the last trade, in seconds since midnight EST

## QUOTE TIME = 11

Trade time of the last quote, in seconds since midnight EST

## HIGH\_PRICE = 12

Day's high trade price. Notes:

- According to industry standard, only regular session trades set the High and Low.
- If a stock does not trade in the AM session, high and low will be zero.
- High/low reset to 0 at 7:28am ET

#### LOW PRICE = 13

Day's low trade price. Same notes as HIGH\_PRICE.

## BID\_TICK = 14

Indicates Up or Downtick (NASDAQ NMS & Small Cap). Updates whenever bid updates.

#### CLOSE PRICE = 15

Previous day's closing price. Notes:

- Closing prices are updated from the DB when Pre-Market tasks are run by TD Ameritrade at 7:29AM ET.
- As long as the symbol is valid, this data is always present.
- This field is updated every time the closing prices are loaded from DB

## $EXCHANGE_ID = 16$

Primary "listing" Exchange.

## MARGINABLE = 17

Stock approved by the Federal Reserve and an investor's broker as being suitable for providing collateral for margin debt?

#### SHORTABLE = 18

Stock can be sold short?

#### ISLAND BID DEPRECATED = 19

Deprecated, documented for completeness.

## ISLAND\_ASK\_DEPRECATED = 20

Deprecated, documented for completeness.

## ISLAND\_VOLUME\_DEPRECATED = 21

Deprecated, documented for completeness.

#### $QUOTE_DAY = 22$

Day of the quote

## $TRADE_DAY = 23$

Day of the trade

#### VOLATILITY = 24

Option Risk/Volatility Measurement. Notes:

- Volatility is reset to 0 when Pre-Market tasks are run at 7:28 AM ET
- Once per day descriptions are loaded from the database when Pre-Market tasks are run at 7:29:50 AM ET.

#### DESCRIPTION = 25

A company, index or fund name

#### LAST ID = 26

Exchange where last trade was executed

## DIGITS = 27

Valid decimal points. 4 digits for AMEX, NASDAQ, OTCBB, and PINKS, 2 for others.

#### OPEN PRICE = 28

Day's Open Price. Notes:

- Open is set to ZERO when Pre-Market tasks are run at 7:28.
- If a stock doesn't trade the whole day, then the open price is 0.
- In the AM session, Open is blank because the AM session trades do not set the open.

### NET CHANGE = 29

Current Last-Prev Close

#### HIGH 52 WEEK = 30

Highest price traded in the past 12 months, or 52 weeks

#### LOW 52 WEEK = 31

Lowest price traded in the past 12 months, or 52 weeks

## $PE_RATIO = 32$

Price to earnings ratio

## DIVIDEND\_AMOUNT = 33

Dividen earnings Per Share

## DIVIDEND\_YIELD = 34

Dividend Yield

#### ISLAND\_BID\_SIZE\_DEPRECATED = 35

Deprecated, documented for completeness.

## ISLAND ASK SIZE DEPRECATED = 36

Deprecated, documented for completeness.

## NAV = 37

Mutual Fund Net Asset Value

## $FUND_PRICE = 38$

Mutual fund price

## EXCHANGE\_NAME = 39

Display name of exchange

#### DIVIDEND DATE = 40

Dividend date

## IS\_REGULAR\_MARKET\_QUOTE = 41

Is last quote a regular quote

## IS REGULAR MARKET TRADE = 42

Is last trade a regular trade

4.4. Level One Quotes 29

#### REGULAR MARKET LAST PRICE = 43

Last price, only used when IS\_REGULAR\_MARKET\_TRADE is True

#### REGULAR MARKET LAST SIZE = 44

Last trade size, only used when IS\_REGULAR\_MARKET\_TRADE is True

## REGULAR\_MARKET\_TRADE\_TIME = 45

Last trade time, only used when IS REGULAR MARKET TRADE is True

#### REGULAR MARKET TRADE DAY = 46

Last trade date, only used when IS\_REGULAR\_MARKET\_TRADE is True

## REGULAR\_MARKET\_NET\_CHANGE = 47

REGULAR\_MARKET\_LAST\_PRICE minus CLOSE\_PRICE

## SECURITY\_STATUS = 48

Indicates a symbols current trading status, Normal, Halted, Closed

#### MARK = 49

Mark Price

#### QUOTE TIME IN LONG = 50

Last quote time in milliseconds since Epoch

## TRADE\_TIME\_IN\_LONG = 51

Last trade time in milliseconds since Epoch

## REGULAR MARKET TRADE TIME IN LONG = 52

Regular market trade time in milliseconds since Epoch

## 4.4.2 Options Quotes

Level one quotes for options. Note you can use Client.get\_option\_chain() to fetch available option symbols

```
StreamClient.level_one_option_subs(symbols, *, fields=None)
```

Official documentation

Subscribe to level one option quote data.

#### **Parameters**

- **symbols** Option symbols to receive quotes for
- **fields** Iterable of LevelOneOptionFields representing the fields to return in streaming entries. If unset, all fields will be requested.

## StreamClient.add\_level\_one\_option\_handler(handler)

Register a function to handle level one options quotes as they are sent. See *Handling Messages* for details.

#### class StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields

Official documentation

## SYMBOL = 0

Ticker symbol in upper case. Represented in the stream as the key field.

## DESCRIPTION = 1

A company, index or fund name

### BID PRICE = 2

Current Best Bid Price

#### ASK PRICE = 3

Current Best Ask Price

## $LAST_PRICE = 4$

Price at which the last trade was matched

## HIGH PRICE = 5

Day's high trade price. Notes:

- According to industry standard, only regular session trades set the High and Low.
- If an option does not trade in the AM session, high and low will be zero.
- High/low reset to 0 at 7:28am ET.

#### LOW PRICE = 6

Day's low trade price. Same notes as HIGH\_PRICE.

#### $CLOSE_PRICE = 7$

Previous day's closing price. Closing prices are updated from the DB when Pre-Market tasks are run at 7:29AM ET.

#### TOTAL VOLUME = 8

Aggregated shares traded throughout the day, including pre/post market hours. Reset to zero at 7:28am ET.

## OPEN INTEREST = 9

Open interest

#### VOLATILITY = 10

Option Risk/Volatility Measurement. Volatility is reset to 0 when Pre-Market tasks are run at 7:28 AM ET.

## QUOTE\_TIME = 11

Trade time of the last quote in seconds since midnight EST

#### TRADE TIME = 12

Trade time of the last quote in seconds since midnight EST

## MONEY\_INTRINSIC\_VALUE = 13

Money intrinsic value

### $QUOTE_DAY = 14$

Day of the quote

## TRADE DAY = 15

Day of the trade

## $EXPIRATION_YEAR = 16$

Option expiration year

#### MULTIPLIER = 17

Option multiplier

### DIGITS = 18

Valid decimal points. 4 digits for AMEX, NASDAQ, OTCBB, and PINKS, 2 for others.

### OPEN PRICE = 19

Day's Open Price. Notes:

- Open is set to ZERO when Pre-Market tasks are run at 7:28.
- If a stock doesn't trade the whole day, then the open price is 0.
- In the AM session, Open is blank because the AM session trades do not set the open.

4.4. Level One Quotes 31

```
BID SIZE = 20
    Number of shares for bid
ASK SIZE = 21
    Number of shares for ask
LAST SIZE = 22
    Number of shares traded with last trade, in 100's
NET CHANGE = 23
    Current Last-Prev Close
STRIKE_PRICE = 24
CONTRACT_TYPE = 25
UNDERLYING = 26
EXPIRATION_MONTH = 27
DELIVERABLES = 28
TIME VALUE = 29
EXPIRATION DAY = 30
DAYS_TO_EXPIRATION = 31
DELTA = 32
GAMMA = 33
THETA = 34
VEGA = 35
RHO = 36
SECURITY_STATUS = 37
    Indicates a symbols current trading status, Normal, Halted, Closed
THEORETICAL_OPTION_VALUE = 38
UNDERLYING_PRICE = 39
UV_EXPIRATION_TYPE = 40
MARK = 41
    Mark Price
```

## 4.4.3 Futures Quotes

Level one quotes for futures.

```
StreamClient.level_one_futures_subs (symbols, *, fields=None)
Official documentation
```

Subscribe to level one futures quote data.

## **Parameters**

- **symbols** Futures symbols to receive quotes for
- **fields** Iterable of LevelOneFuturesFields representing the fields to return in streaming entries. If unset, all fields will be requested.

#### StreamClient.add\_level\_one\_futures\_handler(handler)

Register a function to handle level one futures quotes as they are sent. See *Handling Messages* for details.

#### class StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields

Official documentation

#### SYMBOL = 0

Ticker symbol in upper case. Represented in the stream as the key field.

#### BID PRICE = 1

Current Best Bid Price

#### ASK PRICE = 2

Current Best Ask Price

#### LAST PRICE = 3

Price at which the last trade was matched

#### $BID_SIZE = 4$

Number of shares for bid

#### ASK SIZE = 5

Number of shares for ask

#### ASK ID = 6

Exchange with the best ask

#### BID ID = 7

Exchange with the best bid

#### TOTAL VOLUME = 8

Aggregated shares traded throughout the day, including pre/post market hours

## $LAST_SIZE = 9$

Number of shares traded with last trade

#### QUOTE TIME = 10

Trade time of the last quote in milliseconds since epoch

#### TRADE TIME = 11

Trade time of the last trade in milliseconds since epoch

### $HIGH_PRICE = 12$

Day's high trade price

## LOW\_PRICE = 13

Day's low trade price

#### CLOSE PRICE = 14

Previous day's closing price

## EXCHANGE\_ID = 15

Primary "listing" Exchange. Notes: \* I  $\rightarrow$  ICE \* E  $\rightarrow$  CME \* L  $\rightarrow$  LIFFEUS

#### DESCRIPTION = 16

Description of the product

#### LAST ID = 17

Exchange where last trade was executed

## OPEN\_PRICE = 18

Day's Open Price

4.4. Level One Quotes 33

#### NET CHANGE = 19

Current Last-Prev Close

#### FUTURE PERCENT CHANGE = 20

Current percent change

#### EXCHANGE NAME = 21

Name of exchange

#### SECURITY STATUS = 22

Trading status of the symbol. Indicates a symbol's current trading status, Normal, Halted, Closed.

#### OPEN INTEREST = 23

The total number of futures ontracts that are not closed or delivered on a particular day

#### MARK = 24

Mark-to-Market value is calculated daily using current prices to determine profit/loss

#### TICK = 25

Minimum price movement

#### TICK AMOUNT = 26

Minimum amount that the price of the market can change

#### PRODUCT = 27

Futures product

#### FUTURE PRICE FORMAT = 28

Display in fraction or decimal format.

#### FUTURE TRADING HOURS = 29

Trading hours. Notes:

- days: 0 = monday-friday, 1 = sunday.
- 7 = Saturday
- 0 = [-2000,1700] ==> open, close
- 1 = [-1530,-1630,-1700,1515] ==> open, close, open, close
- 0 = [-1800,1700,d,-1700,1900] ==> open, close, DST-flag, open, close
- If the DST-flag is present, the following hours are for DST days: http://www.cmegroup.com/trading\_hours/

#### FUTURE IS TRADEABLE = 30

Flag to indicate if this future contract is tradable

#### FUTURE MULTIPLIER = 31

Point value

## FUTURE\_IS\_ACTIVE = 32

Indicates if this contract is active

#### FUTURE\_SETTLEMENT\_PRICE = 33

Closing price

#### FUTURE ACTIVE SYMBOL = 34

Symbol of the active contract

## FUTURE\_EXPIRATION\_DATE = 35

Expiration date of this contract in milliseconds since epoch

## 4.4.4 Forex Quotes

Level one quotes for foreign exchange pairs.

```
StreamClient.level_one_forex_subs (symbols, *, fields=None)
```

Official documentation

Subscribe to level one forex quote data.

#### **Parameters**

- **symbols** Forex symbols to receive quotes for
- **fields** Iterable of LevelOneForexFields representing the fields to return in streaming entries. If unset, all fields will be requested.

```
StreamClient.add level one forex handler(handler)
```

Register a function to handle level one forex quotes as they are sent. See *Handling Messages* for details.

#### class StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields

Official documentation

```
SYMBOL = 0
```

Ticker symbol in upper case. Represented in the stream as the key field.

```
BID_PRICE = 1
```

Current Best Bid Price

#### ASK PRICE = 2

Current Best Ask Price

#### LAST\_PRICE = 3

Price at which the last trade was matched

## BID\_SIZE = 4

Number of shares for bid

## $ASK_SIZE = 5$

Number of shares for ask

## TOTAL\_VOLUME = 6

Aggregated shares traded throughout the day, including pre/post market hours

#### $LAST_SIZE = 7$

Number of shares traded with last trade

## QUOTE\_TIME = 8

Trade time of the last quote in milliseconds since epoch

#### TRADE TIME = 9

Trade time of the last trade in milliseconds since epoch

### HIGH\_PRICE = 10

Day's high trade price

#### LOW PRICE = 11

Day's low trade price

#### CLOSE\_PRICE = 12

Previous day's closing price

## EXCHANGE ID = 13

Primary "listing" Exchange

4.4. Level One Quotes 35

#### DESCRIPTION = 14

Description of the product

#### OPEN PRICE = 15

Day's Open Price

#### NET CHANGE = 16

Current Last-Prev Close

#### EXCHANGE NAME = 18

Name of exchange

#### DIGITS = 19

Valid decimal points

#### SECURITY\_STATUS = 20

Trading status of the symbol. Indicates a symbols current trading status, Normal, Halted, Closed.

#### TICK = 21

Minimum price movement

#### TICK AMOUNT = 22

Minimum amount that the price of the market can change

#### PRODUCT = 23

Product name

#### TRADING HOURS = 24

Trading hours

#### IS TRADABLE = 25

Flag to indicate if this forex is tradable

## MARKET\_MAKER = 26

## $HIGH_52\_WEEK = 27$

Higest price traded in the past 12 months, or 52 weeks

#### $LOW_52_WEEK = 28$

Lowest price traded in the past 12 months, or 52 weeks

#### MARK = 29

Mark-to-Market value is calculated daily using current prices to determine profit/loss

## 4.4.5 Futures Options Quotes

Level one quotes for futures options.

```
StreamClient.level_one_futures_options_subs(symbols, *, fields=None)
```

Official documentation

Subscribe to level one futures options quote data.

### **Parameters**

- symbols Futures options symbols to receive quotes for
- **fields** Iterable of LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields representing the fields to return in streaming entries. If unset, all fields will be requested.

## StreamClient.add\_level\_one\_futures\_options\_handler(handler)

Register a function to handle level one futures options quotes as they are sent. See *Handling Messages* for details.

#### class StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields

Official documentation

#### SYMBOL = 0

Ticker symbol in upper case. Represented in the stream as the key field.

#### BID PRICE = 1

Current Best Bid Price

#### ASK PRICE = 2

Current Best Ask Price

#### LAST PRICE = 3

Price at which the last trade was matched

#### BID SIZE = 4

Number of shares for bid

#### $ASK_SIZE = 5$

Number of shares for ask

#### ASK ID = 6

Exchange with the best ask

#### BID ID = 7

Exchange with the best bid

#### TOTAL VOLUME = 8

Aggregated shares traded throughout the day, including pre/post market hours

#### LAST SIZE = 9

Number of shares traded with last trade

## QUOTE\_TIME = 10

Trade time of the last quote in milliseconds since epoch

#### TRADE\_TIME = 11

Trade time of the last trade in milliseconds since epoch

#### HIGH PRICE = 12

Day's high trade price

## LOW\_PRICE = 13

Day's low trade price

#### CLOSE PRICE = 14

Previous day's closing price

#### EXCHANGE ID = 15

Primary "listing" Exchange. Notes: \* I  $\rightarrow$  ICE \* E  $\rightarrow$  CME \* L  $\rightarrow$  LIFFEUS

## DESCRIPTION = 16

Description of the product

#### $LAST_ID = 17$

Exchange where last trade was executed

#### OPEN PRICE = 18

Day's Open Price

## NET\_CHANGE = 19

Current Last-Prev Close

4.4. Level One Quotes 37

#### FUTURE PERCENT CHANGE = 20

Current percent change

#### EXCHANGE NAME = 21

Name of exchange

#### SECURITY\_STATUS = 22

Trading status of the symbol. Indicates a symbols current trading status, Normal, Halted, Closed.

#### OPEN INTEREST = 23

The total number of futures ontracts that are not closed or delivered on a particular day

#### MARK = 24

Mark-to-Market value is calculated daily using current prices to determine profit/loss

#### TICK = 25

Minimum price movement

#### $TICK_AMOUNT = 26$

Minimum amount that the price of the market can change

#### PRODUCT = 27

Futures product

#### FUTURE\_PRICE\_FORMAT = 28

Display in fraction or decimal format

#### FUTURE TRADING HOURS = 29

Trading hours

#### FUTURE IS TRADEABLE = 30

Flag to indicate if this future contract is tradable

#### FUTURE\_MULTIPLIER = 31

Point value

## FUTURE\_IS\_ACTIVE = 32

Indicates if this contract is active

#### FUTURE\_SETTLEMENT\_PRICE = 33

Closing price

### FUTURE\_ACTIVE\_SYMBOL = 34

Symbol of the active contract

#### FUTURE EXPIRATION DATE = 35

Expiration date of this contract, in milliseconds since epoch

## 4.5 Level Two Order Book

Level two streams provide a view on continuous order books of various securities. The level two order book describes the current the current bids and asks on the market, and these streams provide snapshots of that state.

Due to the lack of official documentation, these streams are largely reverse engineered. While the labeled data represents a best effort attempt to interpret stream fields, it's possible that something is wrong or incorrectly labeled.

The documentation lists more book types than are implemented here. In particular, it also lists FOREX\_BOOK, FUTURES\_BOOK, and FUTURES\_OPTIONS\_BOOK as accessible streams. All experimentation has resulted in these streams refusing to connect, typically returning errors about unavailable services. Due to this behavior and the lack of official documentation for book streams generally, tda-api assumes these streams are not actually implemented, and so excludes them. If you have any insight into using them, please let us know.

## 4.5.1 Equities Order Books: NYSE and NASDAQ

tda-api supports level two data for NYSE and NASDAQ, which are the two major exchanges dealing in equities, ETFs, etc. Stocks are typically listed on one or the other, and it is useful to learn about the differences between them:

- "The NYSE and NASDAQ: How They Work" on Investopedia
- "Here's the difference between the NASDAQ and NYSE" on Business Insider
- "Can Stocks Be Traded on More Than One Exchange?" on Investopedia

You can identify on which exchange a symbol is listed by using Client.search\_instruments():

```
r = c.search_instruments(['GOOG'], projection=c.Instrument.Projection.FUNDAMENTAL)
assert r.ok, r.raise_for_status()
print(r.json()['GOOG']['exchange']) # Outputs NASDAQ
```

However, many symbols have order books available on these streams even though this API call returns neither NYSE nor NASDAQ. The only sure-fire way to find out whether the order book is available is to attempt to subscribe and see what happens.

Note to preserve equivalence with what little documentation there is, the NYSE book is called "listed." Testing indicates this stream corresponds to the NYSE book, but if you find any behavior that suggests otherwise please let us know.

```
StreamClient.listed_book_subs(symbols)
```

Subscribe to the NYSE level two order book. Note this stream has no official documentation.

```
StreamClient.add listed book handler(handler)
```

Register a function to handle level two NYSE book data as it is updated See *Handling Messages* for details.

```
StreamClient.nasdaq_book_subs(symbols)
```

Subscribe to the NASDAO level two order book. Note this stream has no official documentation.

```
StreamClient.add_nasdaq_book_handler(handler)
```

Register a function to handle level two NASDAQ book data as it is updated See *Handling Messages* for details.

## 4.5.2 Options Order Book

This stream provides the order book for options. It's not entirely clear what exchange it aggregates from, but it's been tested to work and deliver data. The leading hypothesis is that it is bethe order book for the Chicago Board of Exchange options exchanges, although this is an admittedly an uneducated guess.

```
StreamClient.options_book_subs(symbols)
```

Subscribe to the level two order book for options. Note this stream has no official documentation, and it's not entirely clear what exchange it corresponds to. Use at your own risk.

```
StreamClient.add_options_book_handler(handler)
```

Register a function to handle level two options book data as it is updated See *Handling Messages* for details.

## 4.6 Time of Sale

The data in *Level Two Order Book* describes the bids and asks for various instruments, but by itself is insufficient to determine when trades actually take place. The time of sale streams notify on trades as they happen. Together with the level two data, they provide a fairly complete picture of what is happening on an exchange.

All time of sale streams uss a common set of fields:

4.6. Time of Sale 39

#### class StreamClient.TimesaleFields

Official documentation

#### SYMBOL = 0

Ticker symbol in upper case. Represented in the stream as the key field.

#### TRADE TIME = 1

Trade time of the last trade in milliseconds since epoch

#### LAST PRICE = 2

Price at which the last trade was matched

#### LAST SIZE = 3

Number of shares traded with last trade

#### LAST SEQUENCE = 4

Number of shares for bid

## 4.6.1 Equity Trades

StreamClient.timesale\_equity\_subs (symbols, \*, fields=None)

Official documentation

Subscribe to time of sale notifications for equities.

**Parameters** symbols – Equity symbols to subscribe to

StreamClient.add\_timesale\_equity\_handler(handler)

Register a function to handle equity trade notifications as they happen See *Handling Messages* for details.

#### 4.6.2 Futures Trades

StreamClient.timesale\_futures\_subs(symbols, \*, fields=None)

Official documentation

Subscribe to time of sale notifications for futures.

**Parameters** symbols – Futures symbols to subscribe to

StreamClient.add\_timesale\_futures\_handler(handler)

Register a function to handle futures trade notifications as they happen See *Handling Messages* for details.

## 4.6.3 Options Trades

StreamClient.timesale\_options\_subs(symbols, \*, fields=None)

Official documentation

Subscribe to time of sale notifications for options.

**Parameters** symbols – Options symbols to subscribe to

StreamClient.add\_timesale\_options\_handler(handler)

Register a function to handle options trade notifications as they happen See *Handling Messages* for details.

## 4.7 News Headlines

TD Ameritrade supposedly supports streaming news headlines. However, we have yet to receive any reports of successful access to this stream. Attempts to read this stream result in messages like the following, followed by TDA-initiated stream closure:

The current hypothesis is that this stream requires some permissions or paid access that so far no one has had. If you manage to get this stream working, or even if you manage to get it to fail with a different message than the one above, please report it. In the meantime, tda-api provides the following methods for attempting to access this stream.

```
Official documentation
     Subscribe to news headlines related to the given symbols.
StreamClient.add_news_headline_handler(handler)
     Register a function to handle news headlines as they are provided. See Handling Messages for details.
class StreamClient.NewsHeadlineFields
     Official documentation
     SYMBOL = 0
         Ticker symbol in upper case. Represented in the stream as the key field.
     ERROR\_CODE = 1
          Specifies if there is any error
     STORY DATETIME = 2
          Headline's datetime in milliseconds since epoch
     HEADLINE ID = 3
          Unique ID for the headline
     STATUS = 4
     HEADLINE = 5
          News headline
     STORY_ID = 6
     COUNT FOR KEYWORD = 7
```

StreamClient.news\_headline\_subs(symbols)

KEYWORD ARRAY = 8

STORY\_SOURCE = 10

 $IS\_HOT = 9$ 

4.7. News Headlines 41

## **Creating Order Specifications**

The Client.place\_order() method expects a rather complex JSON object that describes the desired order. TDA provides some example order specs to illustrate the process and provides a schema in the place order documentation, but beyond that we're on our own.

The tda.orders module provides an incomplete set of helpers for building these order specs. The aim is to make it impossible to build an invalid JSON object. For example, here is how you might use this module to place a market order for ten shares of Apple common stock:

```
from tda.orders import EquityOrderBuilder, Duration, Session

builder = EquityOrderBuilder('AAPL', 10)
builder.set_instruction(EquityOrderBuilder.Instruction.SELL)
builder.set_order_type(EquityOrderBuilder.OrderType.MARKET)
builder.set_duration(Duration.DAY)
builder.set_session(Session.NORMAL)

client = ... # Get a client however you see fit
account_id = 12345678

resp = client.place_order(account_id, builder.build())
assert resp.ok
```

## 5.1 Common Values

```
class tda.orders.Duration
   An enumeration.

DAY = 'DAY'

GOOD_TILL_CANCEL = 'GOOD_TILL_CANCEL'

FILL_OR_KILL = 'FILL_OR_KILL'
```

```
class tda.orders.Session
     An enumeration.
     NORMAL = 'NORMAL'
     AM = 'AM'
     PM = 'PM'
     SEAMESS = 'SEAMLESS'
exception tda.orders.InvalidOrderException
     Raised when attempting to build an incomplete order
5.2 Equity Orders
class tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder(symbol, quantity)
     Helper class to construct equity orders.
     __init__ (symbol, quantity)
          Create an order for the given symbol and quantity. Note all unspecified parameters must be set prior to
          building the order spec.
              Parameters
                 • symbol – Symbol for the order
                 • quantity – Quantity of the order
     class Instruction
          Order instruction
          BUY = 'BUY'
          SELL = 'SELL'
     set_instruction (instruction)
          Set the order instruction
     class OrderType
          Order type
          MARKET = 'MARKET'
          LIMIT = 'LIMIT'
     set_order_type (order_type)
          Set the order type
     set_price(price)
          Set the order price. Must be set for LIMIT orders.
     set duration(duration)
          Set the order duration
     set_session(session)
          Set the order's session
     build()
```

Raises InvalidOrderException – if the order is not fully specified

Build the order spec.

## matches (order)

Takes a real object, as might be returned from the TD Ameritrade API, and indicates whether this order object matches it. Returns true if the given order if the given order *could have* been placed by calling <code>Client.place\_order()</code> with this order.

This method may be called on incomplete orders builders (builders whose build() method would fail if called. In such a case, unset values are ignored and have no effect on filtering.

5.2. Equity Orders 45

# CHAPTER 6

## Utilities

This section describes miscellaneous utility methods provided by tda-api. All utilities are presented under the Utils class:

```
class tda.utils.Utils(client, account_id)
```

Helper for placing orders on equities. Provides easy-to-use implementations for common tasks such as market and limit orders.

```
__init__ (client, account_id)
```

Creates a new Utils instance. For convenience, this object assumes the user wants to work with a single account ID at a time.

```
set_account_id (account_id)
```

Set the account ID used by this Utils instance.

## 6.1 Get the Most Recent Order

For successfully placed orders, <code>tda.client.Client.place\_order()</code> returns the ID of the newly created order, encoded in the <code>r.headers['Location']</code> header. This method inspects the response and extracts the order ID from the contents, if it's there. This order ID can then be used to monitor or modify the order as described in the <code>Client documentation</code>. Example usage:

```
# Assume client and order already exist and are valid
account_id = 123456
r = client.place_order(account_id, order)
assert r.ok, raise_for_status()
order_id = Utils(account_id, client).extract_order_id(r)
assert order_id is not None
```

#### Utils.extract\_order\_id (place\_order\_response)

Attempts to extract the order ID from a response object returned by <code>Client.place\_order()</code>. Return <code>None</code> if the order location is not contained in the response.

**Parameters** place\_order\_response - Order response as returned by Client. place order(). Note this method requires that the order was successful.

**Raises ValueError** – if the order was not successful or if the order's account ID is not equal to the account ID set in this Utils object.

For orders that were rejected or whose order responses for whatever other reason might not contain the order ID, we can do a best-effort lookup using this method:

```
Utils.find_most_recent_order(*, symbol=None, quantity=None, instruction=None, or-
der type=None, lookback window=datetime.timedelta(days=1))
```

When placing orders, the TDA API does not always return the order ID of the newly placed order, especially when the order was rejected. You can use  $Utils.extract\_order\_id()$  to extract order numbers from responses representing successful order creation, but if that method fails then you can use this method to fetch the most recently-placed order that matches the given order signature.

**Note:** This method cannot guarantee that the calling process was the one which placed an order. This means that if there are multiple sources of orders, this method may return an order which was placed by another process.

#### **Parameters**

- **symbol** Limit search to orders for this symbol.
- quantity Limit search to orders of this quantity.
- instruction Limit search to orders with this instruction. See tda.orders. EquityOrderBuilder.Instruction
- order\_type Limit search to orders with this order type. See tda.orders. EquityOrderBuilder.OrderType
- lookback\_window Limit search to orders entered less than this long ago. Note the TDA API does not provide orders older than 60 days.

48 Chapter 6. Utilities

# CHAPTER 7

## **Example Application**

To illustrate some of the functionality of tda-api, here is an example application that finds stocks that pay a dividend during the month of your birthday and purchases one of each.

```
from urllib.request import urlopen
import atexit
import datetime
import dateutil
import sys
import tda
API_KEY = 'YOUR_API_KEY@AMER.OAUTHAP'
REDIRECT_URI = 'YOUR_REDIRECT_URI'
TOKEN_PATH = '/YOUR/TOKEN/PATH'
YOUR_BIRTHDAY = datetime.datetime(year=1969, month=4, day=20)
def make_webdriver():
    # Import selenium here because it's slow to import
   from selenium import webdriver
   driver = webdriver.Chrome()
   atexit.register(lambda: driver.quit())
   return driver
# Create a new client
client = tda.auth.easy_client(
   API_KEY,
   REDIRECT_URI,
   TOKEN_PATH,
   make_webdriver)
# Load S&P 500 composition from documentation
```

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```
sp500 = urlopen(
    'https://tda-api.readthedocs.io/en/latest/_static/sp500.txt').read().decode().
→split()
# Fetch fundamentals for all symbols and filter out the ones with ex-dividend
# dates in the future and dividend payment dates on your birth month. Note we
# perform the fetch in two calls because the API places an upper limit on the
# number of symbols you can fetch at once.
today = datetime.datetime.today()
birth_month_dividends = []
for s in (sp500[:250], sp500[250:]):
    r = client.search_instruments(
       s, tda.client.Client.Instrument.Projection.FUNDAMENTAL)
   assert r.ok, r.raise_for_status()
   for symbol, f in r.json().items():
        # Parse ex-dividend date
        ex_div_string = f['fundamental']['dividendDate']
        if not ex_div_string.strip():
        ex_dividend_date = dateutil.parser.parse(ex_div_string)
        # Parse payment date
        pay_date_string = f['fundamental']['dividendPayDate']
        if not pay_date_string.strip():
            continue
        pay_date = dateutil.parser.parse(pay_date_string)
        # Check dates
        if (ex_dividend_date > today
                and pay_date.month == YOUR_BIRTHDAY.month):
            birth_month_dividends.append(symbol)
if not birth_month_dividends:
   print('Sorry, no stocks are paying out in your birth month yet. This is ',
          'most likely because the dividends haven\'t been announced yet. ',
          'Try again closer to your birthday.')
    sys.exit(1)
# Purchase one share of each the stocks that pay in your birthday month.
account_id = int(input(
    'Input your TDA account number to place orders (<Ctrl-C> to quit): '))
for symbol in birth_month_dividends:
   print ('Buying one share of', symbol)
    # Build the order spec and place the order
   builder = tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder(symbol, 1)
   builder.set_instruction(builder.Instruction.BUY)
   builder.set_order_type(builder.OrderType.MARKET)
   builder.set_duration(tda.orders.Duration.DAY)
   builder.set_session(tda.orders.Session.NORMAL)
   order = builder.build()
   r = client.place_order(account_id, order)
    assert r.ok, r.raise_for_status()
```

# CHAPTER 8

Contributing to tda-api

Fixing a bug? Adding a feature? Just cleaning up for the sake of cleaning up? Great! No improvement is too small for me, and I'm always happy to take pull requests. Read this guide to learn how to set up your environment so you can contribute.

## 8.1 Setting up the Dev Environment

Dependencies are listed in the *requirements.txt* file. These development requirements are distinct from the requirements listed in *setup.py* and include some additional packages around testing, documentation generation, etc.

Before you install anything, I highly recommend setting up a *virtualenv* so you don't pollute your system installation directories:

pip install virtualenv
virtualenv -v virtualenv
source virtualenv/bin/activate

Next, install project requirements:

pip install -r requirements.txt

Finally, verify everything works by running tests:

make test

At this point you can make your changes.

## 8.2 Development Guidelines

## 8.2.1 Test your changes

This project aims for high test coverage. All changes must be properly tested, and we will accept no PRs that lack appropriate unit testing. We also expect existing tests to pass. You can run your tests using:

make test

## 8.2.2 Document your code

Documentation is how users learn to use your code, and no feature is complete without a full description of how to use it. If your PR changes external-facing interfaces, or if it alters semantics, the changes must be thoroughly described in the docstrings of the affected components. If your change adds a substantial new module, a new section in the documentation may be justified.

Documentation is built using Sphinx. You can build the documentation using the *Makefile.sphinx* makefile. For example you can build the HTML documentation like so:

make -f Makefile.sphinx

# CHAPTER 9

## Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- · search

**Disclaimer:** tda-api is an unofficial API wrapper. It is in no way endorsed by or affiliated with TD Ameritrade or any associated organization. Make sure to read and understand the terms of service of the underlying API before using this package. This authors accept no responsibility for any damage that might stem from use of this package. See the LICENSE file for more details.

# Python Module Index

#### t

tda.auth,4 tda.client,8 tda.streaming,20

56 Python Module Index

Symbols	attribute), 18
init() (tda.client.Client method), 10	ALL (tda.client.Client.Options.ContractType attribute),
init() (tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder method),	14
44	ALL (tda.client.Client.Options.StrikeRange attribute), 15
init() (tda.utils.Utils method), 47	ALL (tda.client.Client.Options.Type attribute), 15
A	ALL (tda.client.Client.Transactions.TransactionType attribute), 18
ACCEPTED (tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute), 11	AM (tda.orders.Session attribute), 44
Account (class in tda.client.Client), 12	ANALYTICAL (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy at-
Account.Fields (class in tda.client.Client), 12	tribute), 14
add_chart_equity_handler()	APRIL (tda.client.Client.Options.ExpirationMonth at-
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 25	tribute), 14
add_chart_futures_handler()	ASK_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 26	attribute), 27
add_level_one_equity_handler()	ASK_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields attribute), 33
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 27	ASK_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields
add_level_one_forex_handler()	attribute), 37
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 35	ASK_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
add_level_one_futures_handler()	attribute), 27
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 32	ASK_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
add_level_one_futures_options_handler()	attribute), 35
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 36 add_level_one_option_handler()	ASK_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 30	attribute), 33
add_listed_book_handler()	$\verb"ASK_PRICE" (tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Futures Options Fields$
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 39	attribute), 37
add_nasdaq_book_handler()	ASK_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 39	attribute), 30
add_news_headline_handler()	ASK_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 41	attribute), 27
add_options_book_handler()	ASK_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 39	attribute), 35
add_timesale_equity_handler()	ASK_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields attribute), 33
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 40	ASK_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields
add_timesale_futures_handler()	attribute), 37
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 40	ASK_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
add_timesale_options_handler()	attribute), 32
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 40 ADVISORY_FEES (tda.client.Client.Transactions.Transac	
ADVISORY_FEES (tda.client.Client.Transactions.Transac	tiônType tribute), 14

AWAITING_CONDITION (tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute),	CALL (tda.client.Client.Options.ContractType attribute),
(laa.cueni.Cueni.Oraer.Status attribute),	cancel_order() (tda.client.Client method), 12
AWAITING_MANUAL_REVIEW	CANCELLED (tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute),
(tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute),	11
(ida.ctieni.Ctieni.Order.Sidius diiribule),	CASH_IN_OR_CASH_OUT
AWAITING_PARENT_ORDER	(tda.client.Client.Transactions.TransactionType
(tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute),	attribute), 18
(ida.ctieni.Ctieni.Order.Sidius diiribule),	CHART_DAY (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartEquityFields
AWAITING_UR_OUR (tda.client.Client.Order.Status at-	attribute), 26
tribute), 11	chart_equity_add() (tda.streaming.StreamClient
tribute), 11	
В	method), 25
	chart_equity_subs() (tda.streaming.StreamClient
BID_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityField	
attribute), 27	chart_futures_add() (tda.streaming.StreamClient
$\verb BID_ID  (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFie$	
attribute), 33	chart_futures_subs()
BID_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOp	tionsFields (tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 26
attribute), 37	CHART_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartEquityFields
BID_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquity	Fields attribute), 26
attribute), 27	CHART_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartFuturesFields
BID_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexF	Fields attribute), 26
attribute), 35	CHECKING (tda.client.Client.Transactions.TransactionType
BID_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuture	rsFields attribute), 18
attribute), 33	<pre>client_from_login_flow() (in module tda.auth),</pre>
BID_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuture	esOptionsFields
attribute), 37	<pre>client_from_token_file() (in module tda.auth),</pre>
BID_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOption	nFields 6
attribute), 30	CLOSE_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartEquityFields
BID_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityF	
attribute), 27	CLOSE_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartFuturesFields
BID_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFig.	ar a second of the second of t
attribute), 35	CLOSE_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
BID_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFutures.	
attribute), 33	CLOSE_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
BID_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFutures	
attribute), 37	CLOSE_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields
BID_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionF	
attribute), 31	CLOSE_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsField
BID_TICK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityF	
attribute), 28	CLOSE_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
BOND (tda.client.Client.Markets attribute), 19	attribute), 31
build() (tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder method), 44	COLLAR (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy attribute), 15
BUTTERFLY (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy at-	CONDOR (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy attribute), 15
tribute), 15	CONTRACT_TYPE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
	attribute), 32
BUY (tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder.Instruction at-	COUNT_FOR_KEYWORD
tribute), 44	
BUY_ONLY (tda.client.Client.Transactions.TransactionTyp	attribute), 41
attribute), 18	
C	COVERED (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy attribute), 15
CALENDAR (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy attribute),	create_saved_order() (tda.client.Client method),
15	18
	create_watchlist() (tda.client.Client method), 20

D		E
DAILY	(tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Frequency at-	easy_client() (in module tda.auth), 6
	tribute), 16	EQUITY (tda.client.Client.Markets attribute), 19
DAILY	(tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.FrequencyType at-	EquityOrderBuilder (class in tda.orders), 44
	tribute), 16	EquityOrderBuilder.Instruction (class in
DAY	(tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.PeriodType at-	tda.orders), 44
	tribute), 17	EquityOrderBuilder.OrderType (class in
DAY (ta	a.orders.Duration attribute), 43	tda.orders), 44
DAYS_	TO_EXPIRATION	ERROR_CODE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.NewsHeadlineFields
	(tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Option Field and the properties of the p	ds attribute), 41
	attribute), 32	EVERY_FIFTEEN_MINUTES
DECEM	BER (tda.client.Client.Options.ExpirationMonth	(tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Frequency
	attribute), 14	attribute), 16
DELAY	`	
	attribute), 23	(tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Frequency
delet	e_saved_order() (tda.client.Client method),	attribute), 16
	18	EVERY_MINUTE (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Frequency
	e_watchlist() (tda.client.Client method), 20	attribute), 16
DELIV	ERABLES (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOp	
	attribute), 32	(tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Frequency
DELTA	(tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Option Fields	attribute), 16
	attribute), 32	EVERY_THIRTY_MINUTES
DESC_	REGEX (tda.client.Client.Instrument.Projection	(tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Frequency
	attribute), 13	attribute), 16
DESC_	SEARCH (tda.client.Client.Instrument.Projection	EXCHANGE_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
	attribute), 13	attribute), 28
DESCR	${\tt IPTION} \ (tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Equation \ and \ an extraction \ and \ and \ an extraction \ an extraction \ and \ an extraction \ an extraction \ and \ an extraction \ ande$	n <b>ExFields</b> NGE_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
	attribute), 29	attribute), 35
DESCR	${\tt IPTION} \ (\textit{tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFore})$	e <b>FM@M</b> ANGE_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields
	attribute), 35	attribute), 33
DESCR	IPTION (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFut	u <b>resEteIds</b> GE_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsField
	attribute), 33	attribute), 37
DESCR	IPTION (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFut	и <b>тех Орникъ F<u>i</u>eld</b> ME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
	attribute), 37	attribute), 29
DESCR	IPTION (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOpt	i&xXGelANGE_NAME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
	attribute), 30	attribute), 36
DIAGO	NAL (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy attribute),	EXCHANGE_NAME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields
	15	attribute), 34
DIGIT	${\tt S}$ (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityField	$l$ $\!$ EXCHANGE_NAME ( $t$ da. $s$ $t$ rea $m$ ing. $S$ $t$ rea $m$ $C$ $l$ ient. $L$ $e$ $v$ e $l$ $O$ ne $F$ $u$ t $u$ res $O$ $pt$ $i$ ons $F$
	attribute), 29	attribute), 38
DIGIT	${\tt S}$ (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields	SEXPIRATION_DAY (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
	attribute), 36	attribute), 32
DIGIT	${\sf S}$ (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionField	$d_{\Sigma}$ XPIRATION_MONTH ( $tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionField.$
	attribute), 31	attribute), 32
DIVID	END (tda.client.Client.Transactions.TransactionTyp	eEXPIRATION_YEAR (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
	attribute), 18	attribute), 31
DIVID	END_AMOUNT (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelO	n <b>e.Equip,H</b> ie <b>lth</b> a.client.Client.Order.Status attribute), 11
	attribute), 29	EXPRESS (tda.streaming.StreamClient.QOSLevel
DIVID	END_DATE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOnel	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	attribute), 29	extract_order_id() (tda.utils.Utils method), 47
DIVID	END_YIELD ( <i>tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOnd</i>	
	attribute), 29	F '
DOWN (	tda.client.Client.Movers.Direction attribute), 19	FAST (tda.streaming.StreamClient.QOSLevel attribute),
	ion (class in tda.orders), 43	22

FEBRUARY (tda.client.Client.Options.ExpirationMonth	FUTURE_PRICE_FORMAT
attribute), 14	(tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Futures Fields
FIFTEEN_YEARS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period	attribute), 34
attribute), 16	FUTURE_PRICE_FORMAT
FILL_OR_KILL (tda.orders.Duration attribute), 43	(tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Futures Options Fields
FILLED (tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute), 11	attribute), 38
<pre>find_most_recent_order() (tda.utils.Utils</pre>	FUTURE_SETTLEMENT_PRICE
method), 48	(tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Futures Fields
FIVE_DAYS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period at-	attribute), 34
tribute), 16	FUTURE_SETTLEMENT_PRICE
FIVE_YEARS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period at-	(tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Futures Options Fields
tribute), 16	attribute), 38
FOREX (tda.client.Client.Markets attribute), 19	FUTURE_TRADING_HOURS
FOUR_DAYS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period at-	(tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Futures Fields
tribute), 16	attribute), 34
FUND_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquit	HULLURE_TRADING_HOURS
attribute), 29	(tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields
FUNDAMENTAL (tda.client.Client.Instrument.Projection	attribute), 38
attribute), 13	
FUTURE (tda.client.Client.Markets attribute), 19	G
FUTURE_ACTIVE_SYMBOL	GAMMA (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
(tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFie	lds attribute), 32
attribute), 34	get_account() (tda.client.Client method), 12
FUTURE_ACTIVE_SYMBOL	get_accounts() (tda.client.Client method), 12
(tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Futures Option Client. Level One Futures Option Client C	tionsFields rs for multiple markets()
attribute), 38	(tda.client.Client method), 18
FUTURE_EXPIRATION_DATE	get_hours_for_single_market()
(tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFie	elds (tda.client.Client method), 18
attribute), 34	get_instrument() (tda.client.Client method), 13
FUTURE_EXPIRATION_DATE	get_movers() (tda.client.Client method), 19
	tignsFields ion_chain() (tda.client.Client method), 13
attribute), 38	get_order() (tda.client.Client method), 11
FUTURE_IS_ACTIVE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.Level	One Futures Eields py nath () (tda client Client method)
attribute), 34	11
FUTURE_IS_ACTIVE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.Level)	OneFuturesOptionsField&ry() (tda.client.Client
attribute), 38	method), 11
FUTURE IS TRADEABLE	get preferences () (tda client Client method) 19
(tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFie	det_price_history() (tda.client.Client method),
attribute), 34	15
FUTURE_IS_TRADEABLE	get_quote() (tda.client.Client method), 17
(tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOp	tionsFields+08() (tda client Client method) 17
attribute), 38	get_saved_order() (tda.client.Client method), 18
FUTURE_MULTIPLIER	get_saved_orders_by_path() (tda.client.Client
	ilds method), 18
attribute), 34	get_transaction() (tda.client.Client method), 17
FUTURE_MULTIPLIER	get_transactions() (tda.client.Client method), 17
	tigns: Fields:principals() (tda.client.Client
attribute), 38	method), 19
FUTURE_PERCENT_CHANGE	get_watchlist() (tda.client.Client method), 20
	ldst_watchlists_for_multiple_accounts()
attribute), 34	(tda.client.Client method), 20
FUTURE_PERCENT_CHANGE	get_watchlists_for_single_account()
(tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOp.	tionsFields(tda client Client method) 20
attribute), 37	(uu.euem.ouem memou), 20

```
GOOD TILL CANCEL (tda.orders.Duration attribute),
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 28
                                                                                                                                                              ISLAND_BID_SIZE_DEPRECATED
                                                                                                                                                                                        (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
Η
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 29
\texttt{HEADLINE} \ (\textit{tda.streaming.StreamClient.NewsHeadlineField} \\ \texttt{SLAND\_VOLUME\_DEPRECATED}
                                                                                                                                                                                        (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
                          attribute), 41
                                                                                                                                                                                       attribute), 28
HEADLINE_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.NewsHeadlineFields
                           attribute), 41
HIGH_52_WEEK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
                          attribute), 29
                                                                                                                                                              JANUARY
                                                                                                                                                                                                   (tda.client.Client.Options.ExpirationMonth
HIGH_52_WEEK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields attribute), 14
                                                                                                                                                              JULY
                          attribute), 36
                                                                                                                                                                                    (tda.client.Client.Options.ExpirationMonth
HIGH_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartEquityFields
                                                                                                                                                                                        tribute), 14
                          attribute), 25
                                                                                                                                                                                   (tda.client.Client.Options.ExpirationMonth
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             at-
HIGH_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartFuturesFields
                                                                                                                                                                                        tribute), 14
                          attribute), 26
HIGH_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquity ields
                          attribute), 28
                                                                                                                                                              KEYWORD_ARRAY (tda.streaming.StreamClient.NewsHeadlineFields
HIGH_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 41
                          attribute), 35
HIGH_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields
                          attribute), 33
attribute), 33

LAST_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
HIGH_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields
attribute), 29
HIGH_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
                          attribute), 31
                                                                                                                                                              \verb|LAST_ID| (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 37
                                                                                                                                                             LAST_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
IN_THE_MONEY (tda.client.Client.Options.StrikeRange
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 27
                          attribute), 15
                                                                                                                                                             LAST_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
Instrument (class in tda.client.Client), 13
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 35
Instrument.Projection
                                                                                                                                                             \verb|LAST_PRICE| (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields)|
                          tda.client.Client), 13
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 33
{\tt INTEREST} \ (\textit{tda.client.Client.TransactionS.TransactionType}_{\texttt{LAST\_PRICE}} \ (\textit{tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields}) \ (\textit{tda.client.Client.TransactionS.TransactionType}_{\texttt{LAST\_PRICE}} \ (\textit{tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields}) \ (\textit{tda.client.TransactionS.TransactionType}_{\texttt{LAST\_PRICE}} \ (\textit{tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields}) \ (\textit{tda.client.TransactionS.TransactionType}_{\texttt{LAST\_PRICE}} \ (\textit{tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields}) \ (\textit{tda.client.TransactionType}_{\texttt{LAST\_PRICE}} \ (\textit{tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields}) \ (\textit{tda.client.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields}) \ (\textit{tda.client.TransactionType}_{\texttt{LAST\_PRICE}} \ (\textit{tda.client.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields}) \ (\textit{tda.client.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFi
                          attribute), 18
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 37
InvalidOrderException, 44
                                                                                                                                                              LAST_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
IS_HOT (tda.streaming.StreamClient.NewsHeadlineFields
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 31
                          attribute), 41
                                                                                                                                                              LAST_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.TimesaleFields
IS_REGULAR_MARKET_QUOTE
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 40
                          (tda.streaming. Stream Client. Level One Equity Field \S_{\texttt{AST\_SEQUENCE}} (tda.streaming. Stream Client. Times ale Fields)) and the stream Client of the s
                          attribute), 29
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 40
IS_REGULAR_MARKET_TRADE
                                                                                                                                                              LAST_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
                          (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 28
                          attribute), 29
                                                                                                                                                              LAST_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
IS_TRADABLE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
                                                                                                                                                                                      attribute), 35
                          attribute), 36
                                                                                                                                                              LAST_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields
ISLAND ASK DEPRECATED
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 33
                           (tda.streaming.StreamClient.Level One Equity Field \S_{\texttt{AST\_SIZE}} (tda.streaming.StreamClient.Level One Futures Options Fields) and the streaming of the stream of the 
                          attribute), 28
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 37
ISLAND ASK SIZE DEPRECATED
                                                                                                                                                              LAST_SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
                           (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 32
                          attribute), 29
                                                                                                                                                              LAST SIZE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.TimesaleFields
ISLAND_BID_DEPRECATED
                                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 40
                           (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
```

level_one_equity_subs()	matches() (tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder method),
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 27	44
level_one_forex_subs()	MAY (tda.client.Client.Options.ExpirationMonth at-
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 35	tribute), 14
level_one_futures_options_subs()	MINUTE (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.FrequencyType
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 36	attribute), 16
level_one_futures_subs()	MODERATE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.QOSLevel at-
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 32	tribute), 22
level_one_option_subs()	MONEY_INTRINSIC_VALUE
(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 30	(tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
LIMIT (tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder.OrderType at-	attribute), 31
tribute), 44	MONTH (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.PeriodType
listed_book_subs() (tda.streaming.StreamClient	attribute), 17
method), 39	MONTHLY (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Frequency at-
login() (tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 22	tribute), 16
LOW_52_WEEK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEqu	
attribute), 29	attribute), 16
LOW_52_WEEK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFor	
attribute), 36	Movers. Change (class in tda.client.Client), 19
LOW_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartEquityFiel	
attribute), 26	MULTIPLIER (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
LOW_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartFuturesFie	elds attribute), 31
attribute), 26	NI
$\verb"LOW_PRICE" (\textit{tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquity})"$	Fields
attribute), 28	<pre>nasdaq_book_subs() (tda.streaming.StreamClient</pre>
LOW_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexF	ields method), 39
attribute), 35	NAV (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
LOW_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuture	sFields attribute), 29
attribute), 33	NEAR_THE_MONEY (tda.client.Client.Options.StrikeRange
$\verb"LOW_PRICE" (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuture) \\$	sOptionsFigldsbute), 15
attribute), 37	NET_CHANGE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
LOW_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOption	Fields attribute), 29
attribute), 31	NET_CHANGE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
N.A.	attribute), 36
M	NET_CHANGE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields
MARCH (tda.client.Client.Options.ExpirationMonth at-	attribute), 33
tribute), 14	$\verb"NET_CHANGE" (tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Futures Options Fields and the stream Client of the stre$
MARGINABLE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquit	yFields attribute), 37
attribute), 28	NET_CHANGE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
MARK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields	attribute), 32
attribute), 30	news_headline_subs()
MARK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields	(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 41
attribute), 36	NON_STANDARD (tda.client.Client.Options.Type at-
MARK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields	tribute), 15
attribute), 34	NORMAL (tda.orders.Session attribute), 44
MARK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOption	ANGELEMBER (tda.client.Client.Options.ExpirationMonth
attribute), 38	attribute), 14
MARK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields	
attribute), 32	0
MARKET (tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder.OrderType at-	OCTOBER (tda.client.Client.Options.ExpirationMonth
tribute), 44	attribute), 14
MARKET_MAKER (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFo	
attribute), 36	tribute), 16
Markets (class in the client Client) 19	n tomo, 10

ONE_MONTH (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period attribute), 16	PERCENT (tda.client.Client.Movers.Change attribute), 19
ONE_YEAR (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period attribute), 16	place_order() (tda.client.Client method), 10 PM (tda.orders.Session attribute), 44
	eFamesFieds (tda.client.Client.Account.Fields attribute),
attribute), 34	12
	eFireTesOptingselltsla.client.Client.UserPrincipals.Fields
attribute), 38 OPEN_INTEREST (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOne)	attribute), 20
attribute), 31	PriceHistory.Frequency (class in
OPEN_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartEquityFi	
attribute), 25	PriceHistory.FrequencyType (class in
OPEN_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartFuturesF	
attribute), 26	PriceHistory.Period (class in tda.client.Client),
OPEN_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEqui	
attribute), 29	PriceHistory.PeriodType (class in
OPEN_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFores	exFields tda.client.Client), 17
attribute), 36	PRODUCT (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
OPEN_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFutu.	
attribute), 33	PRODUCT (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields
OPEN_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFutu.	
attribute), 37	PRODUCT (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields
OPEN_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptic	
attribute), 31	PUT (tda.client.Client.Options.ContractType attribute),
OPTION (tda.client.Client.Markets attribute), 19	14
Options (class in tda.client.Client), 14	Q
Options.ContractType (class in tda.client.Client),	
Options.ExpirationMonth (class in	quality_of_service()
tda.client.Client), 14	(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 22 QUEUED (tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute), 12
Options.Strategy (class in tda.client.Client), 14	QUEUED (taa.ctieni.Crieni.Oraer.status attribute), 12 QUOTE_DAY (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
Options.StrikeRange (class in tda.client.Client),	
15	QUOTE_DAY (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
Options. Type (class in tda.client.Client), 15	attribute), 31
	QUOTE_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
method), 39	attribute), 28
Order (class in tda.client.Client), 11	QUOTE_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
Order.Status (class in tda.client.Client), 11	attribute), 35
ORDERS (tda.client.Client.Account.Fields attribute), 12	QUOTE_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields
OTHER (tda.client.Client.Transactions.TransactionType	
attribute), 18	QUOTE_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields
OUT_OF_THE_MONEY (tda.client.Client.Options.StrikeRa	
attribute), 15	QUOTE_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
P	attribute), 31
	QUOTE_TIME_IN_LONG
PE_RATIO (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFattribute), 29	Fields (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields attribute), 30
PENDING_ACTIVATION	D
(tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute),	
11	REAL_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.QOSLevel at-
PENDING_CANCEL (tda.client.Client.Order.Status at-	<i>"</i>
tribute), 12	REGULAR_MARKET_LAST_PRICE
PENDING_REPLACE (tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute), 12	(tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields attribute), 29
11101111, 12	annouse), 47

REGULAR_MARKET_LAST_SIZE	44
(tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Equity Field and the property of t	<pre>dset_order_type() (tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder</pre>
attribute), 30	method), 44
REGULAR_MARKET_NET_CHANGE	set_price() (tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder
(tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Equity Field and the property of t	
attribute), 30	set_session() (tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder
REGULAR_MARKET_TRADE_DAY	method), 44
(tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFiel attribute), 30	d\$HORTABLE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields attribute), 28
REGULAR_MARKET_TRADE_TIME	SINGLE (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy attribute), 15
	d\$IX_MONTHS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period at-
attribute), 30	tribute), 16
REGULAR_MARKET_TRADE_TIME_IN_LONG (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFiel	
attribute), 30 REJECTED (tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute), 12	STANDARD (tda.client.Client.Options.Type attribute), 15 STATUS (tda.streaming.StreamClient.NewsHeadlineFields
replace_order() (tda.client.Client method), 12	attribute), 41
=	STORY_DATETIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.NewsHeadlineFields
method), 18	attribute), 41
replace_watchlist() (tda.client.Client method), 20	STORY_ID (tda.streaming.StreamClient.NewsHeadlineFields attribute), 41
REPLACED (tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute), 12	STORY_SOURCE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.NewsHeadlineFields
${\tt RHO}\ (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields$	attribute), 41
attribute), 32	STRADDLE (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy attribute),
ROLL (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy attribute), 15	15
S	STRANGLE (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy attribute), 15
SEAMESS (tda.orders.Session attribute), 44	StreamClient.ChartEquityFields (class in
<pre>search_instruments() (tda.client.Client method),</pre>	tda.streaming), 25
13	StreamClient.ChartFuturesFields (class in
SECURITY_STATUS (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelO	meEquityFitelasstreaming), 26
attribute), 30	StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields (class
SECURITY_STATUS (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelO attribute), 36	StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields (class in
SECURITY_STATUS (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelO	neFuturesFWA&Freaming), 33 StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields(class
attribute), 34	
SECURITY_STATUS (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelO attribute), 38	StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields
SECURITY_STATUS (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelO	neOptionFlettes in ida.streaming), 50
attribute), 32	StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields (class in tda.streaming), 30
SELL (tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder.Instruction at-	StreamClient.NewsHeadlineFields (class in
tribute), 44	
SELL_ONLY (tda.client.Client.Transactions.TransactionTy	StreamClient.QOSLevel (class in tda.streaming),
attribute), 18	22
SEPTEMBER (tda.client.Client.Options.ExpirationMonth	StreamClient.TimesaleFields (class in
attribute), 14	
SEQUENCE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartEquityField attribute), 26	STREAMER_CONNECTION_INFO
Session (class in tda.orders), 43	(tda.client.Client.UserPrincipals.Fields at-
set_account_id() (tda.utils.Utils method), 47	tribute), 20
<pre>set_duration() (tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder</pre>	STREAMER_SUBSCRIPTION_KEYS
method), 44	(tda.client.Client.UserPrincipals.Fields at-
set_instruction()	tribute), 20
(tda.orders.EquityOrderBuilder method).	STRIKE_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields

attribute), 32 STRIKES_ABOVE_MARKET	TICK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields attribute), 36
(tda.client.Client.Options.StrikeRange attribute), 15	TICK (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields attribute), 34
STRIKES_BELOW_MARKET	${\tt TICK} \ (tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Futures Options Fields$
(tda.client.Client.Options.StrikeRange at-	attribute), 38
tribute), 15	TICK_AMOUNT (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
STRIKES_NEAR_MARKET (tda.client.Client.Options.StrikeRange at-	attribute), 36 TICK_AMOUNT (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields
(tda.client.Client.Options.StrikeRange at- tribute), 15	attribute), 34
	ls TICK_AMOUNT (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsField
attribute), 20	attribute), 38
	TIME_VALUE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
attribute), 25	attribute), 32
SYMBOL (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartFuturesFields	
attribute), 26	(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 40
${\tt SYMBOL}\ (tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One Equity Field the property of the prope$	$d {f x}$ imesale_futures_subs()
attribute), 27	(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 40
${\tt SYMBOL} \ (tda. streaming. Stream Client. Level One For exField \ and \ an article of the property of the$	
attribute), 35	(tda.streaming.StreamClient method), 40
SYMBOL (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFit attribute), 33	eldsotal_volume (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields attribute), 27
	tivasFAaldsOLUME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
attribute), 37	attribute), 35
	ld\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\text{OTAL_VOLUME}\)\(\text{(tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields}\)
attribute), 30	attribute), 33
	s TOTAL_VOLUME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFie
attribute), 41	attribute), 37
${\tt SYMBOL}\ (tda. streaming. Stream Client. Times ale Fields\ at-$	TOTAL_VOLUME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
tribute), 40	attribute), 31
SYMBOL_REGEX (tda.client.Client.Instrument.Projection	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
attribute), 13	attribute), 18
	n TRADE_DAY (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
attribute), 13	attribute), 28
T	TRADE_DAY (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields attribute), 31
tda.auth (module), 4	TRADE_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
tda.client (module), 8	attribute), 28
tda.streaming (module), 20	TRADE_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
TEN_DAYS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period	attribute), 35
attribute), 16	TRADE_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesFields
TEN_YEARS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period at-	attribute), 33 TRADE_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneFuturesOptionsFields
tribute), 16	attribute), 37
THEORETICAL_OPTION_VALUE	eldsRADE_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
attribute), 32	attribute), 31
THETA (tda streaming Stream Client Level One Ontion Field	ls TRADE_TIME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.TimesaleFields
attribute), 32	attribute), 40
THREE_DAYS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period at-	TRADE_TIME_IN_LONG
tribute), 16	tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
THREE_MONTHS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period	attribute), 30
attribute), 17	TRADING_HOURS (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneForexFields
THREE_YEARS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period	attribute), 36
attribute), 17	Transactions (class in tda.client.Client), 18

```
Transactions.TransactionType
                                          (class
                                                       YEAR_TO_DATE (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period
         tda.client.Client), 18
                                                                attribute), 17
TWENTY_YEARS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period
                                                       YEAR_TO_DATE (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.PeriodType
         attribute), 17
                                                                attribute), 17
TWO DAYS
                  (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period
         attribute), 17
TWO MONTHS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period at-
         tribute), 17
TWO_YEARS (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Period at-
         tribute), 17
U
UNDERLYING (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
         attribute), 32
UNDERLYING_PRICE (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
         attribute), 32
UP (tda.client.Client.Movers.Direction attribute), 19
update_preferences() (tda.client.Client method),
update_watchlist()(tda.client.Client method), 20
UserPrincipals (class in tda.client.Client), 20
UserPrincipals.Fields
                                     (class
                                                   in
         tda.client.Client), 20
Utils (class in tda.utils), 47
UV_EXPIRATION_TYPE
         (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
         attribute), 32
V
VALUE (tda.client.Client.Movers.Change attribute), 19
VEGA (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
         attribute), 32
VERTICAL (tda.client.Client.Options.Strategy attribute),
VOLATILITY (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneEquityFields
         attribute), 28
VOLATILITY (tda.streaming.StreamClient.LevelOneOptionFields
         attribute), 31
VOLUME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartEquityFields
         attribute), 26
VOLUME (tda.streaming.StreamClient.ChartFuturesFields
         attribute), 27
W
WEEKLY (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.Frequency at-
         tribute), 16
WEEKLY (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.FrequencyType
         attribute), 16
WORKING (tda.client.Client.Order.Status attribute), 12
Υ
YEAR
        (tda.client.Client.PriceHistory.PeriodType
         tribute), 17
```